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LOS ANGELES 1781 1913

For Liberty under Law, Equal Rights and Industrial Freedom
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TO UTILIZE OIL WELLS.

Navy to Tap Fields of California.

Daniels Would Operate Refineries Before Panama Canal Opens.

Urges Immediate Building of Armor Plate Plant and Gun Factory.

Favors Educational Facilities for Enlisted Men to Prevent Desertions.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The navy is planning to secure a reduction of naval construction, the addition of two dreadnoughts, eight destroyers and three submarines for the navy during the coming year, government manufacture of armor, more naval chaplains and religious leaders, better educational facilities for enlisted men and a "graduated retirement law" are chief recommendations in the first annual report of Secretary Daniels, made public today.

The secretary departs from the usual custom in addressing the President in the first person singular, thereby adding to the directness and force of the report's statements. The report reflects an enthusiasm over the year's work "by this patriotic body of efficient defenders of the republic is replete with examples of courage, devotion, sacrifice and progress."

NAVY A GREAT SCHOOL.

The secretary says the navy was never in such a high state of efficiency as today, and that in considering its future needs he has given less thought to the guns than to the

QUICK LUNCH ON A TRAIN.

The Pennsy Has a New Car With the Regulation Long Counter.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Pennsylvania Railroad has just completed a new solid steel lunch counter car. It will be placed in service tomorrow between New York and Philadelphia on trains which also carry an ordinary dining car.

It is planned to continue the experiment for a sufficient period to determine just which is the more popular with the traveling public. Instead of tables in the new car, there is one long mahogany counter extending over half its length. Facing this counter on one side are revolving mahogany chairs secured to the floor. The counter is long enough for twenty-one people to be seated at one time. Back of this counter, against the wall, there are twenty cupboards for supplies in addition to places for crushed ice, drinking water, cream, milk and coffee. In one car there is a wash basin for the use of the passengers.

men behind the guns. Believing that the efficiency of the navy as a fighting force will be in the highest sense promoted by the adoption of a serious and systematic course of instruction aboard ship and at shore stations, he points out that the department is trying to make the navy a great university. Not only ordinary seamen, but even petty officers have to have accurate knowledge and this will be corrected by a systematic course of instruction. Midshipmen of the graduating classes will be utilized as instructors "with mutual benefit to the men and themselves," and to fit them for this work a short normal course will be added to the naval academy curriculum. As the War College is the apex of the navy system of education, the department will try to have all officers pass through this training, using small courses where advisable.

AGREES WITH CHURCHILL.
The recent proposition of Winston Churchill, first Lord of the British

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

MEXICO CITY HIS GOAL.

Villa Outlines His Campaign.

Expects to Take Chihuahua and Guaymas, Then Move on the Capital.

Headquarters of Carranza Soon to Be Established at Juarez.

Rebels Predict They Will Make a Clean Sweep in Next Two Weeks.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
JUAREZ (Mex.) Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Carranza, embracing the States of Sonora, Chihuahua, Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas, and including the territory from the border to a line 500 miles southward, will be wholly under the authority of the rebel forces within two weeks. The forces which are fighting Huerta will then join at Guadalupe with a view of marching on to Mexico City. This is the rebel plan of campaign.

Gen. Francisco Villa, the rebel leader, asserted today that the campaign contemplated not only the capture of Chihuahua City, but also the spreading of the rebel, or Constitutional, authority further south.

He is to be joined in the interior later by Gen. Carranza, the head of the revolutionary movement.

So far as the north is concerned, Villa said the campaign is between 14,500 Federal troops, mostly in garrisons, and 20,000 rebels or Constitutionalists, in garrisons or roaming the country.

OPPOSING FORCES.

The approximate strength of the opposing forces in the north as gathered from official sources by Villa, and made known by him today, is:

At Guaymas, Sonora, 3000 Federal troops, commanded by Pedro Ojeda.

At Chihuahua City, 5000 Federal troops, commanded by Morado.

At Saltillo and Monclova, 3000 Federal troops.

At Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, 2000 Federal troops.

Scattered, 1500 Federal troops.

Opposed to the Federals and their position are:

In Sonora, about 5000 rebels, under command of Gen. Carranza, head of the Constitutionalists.

At Juarez and en route to Chihuahua City, 5000 rebels, commanded by Villa.

South of Chihuahua City, 1300 rebels, commanded by Gen. Chao.

Scattered, 8000 rebels.

In preparation for the attack on Chihuahua City, 3500 troops, with machine guns and equipment, which filled three trains, had left Juarez up to today and had reached a point fifty miles south. Villa expects to join his men within a few days and if possible, to keep open train and telegraph service behind him. He said he would be in Chihuahua City within ten days. But the capture of the city, he insisted, would be only an incident of the advance later in conjunction with Carranza and other rebel leaders.

Villa pointed out that the only important points along the United States border not held by the rebels now are Nuevo Laredo, opposite Laredo, Tex., and Piedras Negras, opposite Eagle Pass, Tex., and that his forces already had captured every city in the north except Guaymas, Chihuahua City, Saltillo, Monclova and Monterrey.

VILLA IS CONFIDENT.

"We will move right on to Mexico City," said Villa. "That is our destination. Our forces are working to take the city. The troops now in Sonora will move southward, attacking Guaymas on the way. Those in the east now centered around Victoria will move through the heart of the country. On the way I will take Chihuahua where I will be in command within ten days. Then I will join the eastern and western wings of our army at the end of the revolution against Diaz."

Chihuahua City has been cut off from communication for more than two weeks. At that time it was said the Federal forces had made every preparation to oppose the rebel attack.

Almost all the food supplies have been exhausted.

Francisco Escudero, Minister of Foreign Relations in Carranza's Cabinet, on arriving from Hermosillo today, conferred with Villa regarding the future capital of the revolutionary government. Senor Escudero said that practically the capital to be moved to Juarez and that it would be conducted much as was Madero's capital after the success of the revolution against Diaz.

CARRANZA ADOPTS WAITING POLICY.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
HERMOSILLO, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Carranza, Gen. Carranza and his advisors appeared today to have assumed a waiting policy, depending on the result of Francisco Villa's attack on Chihuahua City. Carranza is expected to arrive here today, before making either a military or diplomatic move.

Villa's success in his attempt to

(Continued on Second Page.)

Yaquis Who Threaten Americans In Sonora.



Different aspects of war.

In the upper panel is shown a typical group of Yaqui Indians who are scattered along the Yaqui river where many Americans make their home. It is proposed by the rebels to incite the Mayas against this tribe; in the lower panel is shown the interior of the house of an American after it had been struck by a Federal shell during the siege of Culiacan while the occupant was sleeping.

PROFESSOR FINDS GLOBE IS AS RIGID AS STEEL.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The periodic distortions of the earth's surface, caused by the sun and moon are being submitted to the most exact measurements in scientific history in experiments at the observatory at Lake Geneva, Wis., under the direction of Albert A. Michelson, professor of the department of physics at the University of Chicago.

Prof. Michelson, whose discoveries won him the Nobel prize in physics in 1907, told of the success of the tests in a paper at the meeting of the American Physical Society. Physicists asserted his announcement was the most important of the year in their field.

THE INSTRUMENT.

The chief apparatus for the experiments is a tube 500 feet long and six inches in diameter, half filled with water and sunk six feet in the ground. As the sun and moon draw the water to one end of the tube or to the other, the difference in the level is measured with instruments of extreme delicacy. The average change in level between the two ends had been found to be one-hundredth of an inch. The accuracy of the measurement has been carried to 1 per cent of this fraction, a degree never before achieved.

NEW MEXICO IN A HOLE OVER ITS UNPAID TAXES.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SANTA FE (N. M.) Nov. 30.—With the first two years of Statehood for New Mexico drawing to a close, the State is confronted with a serious financial situation, due primarily to the readjustment made necessary in the change from a Territory to a State form of government.

Though two sessions of the Legislature have been held since the organization of the State government in 1911, a special session and a regular session, a third session is now being talked of to pass an adequate revenue and taxation law to provide funds for the payment of the State's bills, including salaries of officials, interest on bonds and interest on the State debt.

A taxation law enacted by the Legislature a year ago, providing for the assessment of all property in the State at one-third of its actual cash value, has resulted in a succession of suits filed by corporations and individuals, enjoining the Board of Equalization from enforcing these rates.

NO TAXES PAID.

As a result the payment of all taxes has ceased and the State treasury is practically without funds to meet its actual running expenses. Officials have been paid only part of their salaries for the past quarter,

many clerks have had to go without salary for some months; the State mounted police, which ceased official existence today, have not been paid for four months, and many county officers throughout the State have been without salary for two years because of the failure of the Legislature to pass a law fixing their compensation as provided for in the constitution which expressly forbids the payment of salaries on a fee system.

Gov. W. C. McDonald is said to be considering a special legislative session, limited to the enactment of a taxation law and a county salaries bill. The Legislature is controlled by the Republicans, who oppose a special session.

TO RENEW RIOTING.

Unions Again Defy Indianapolis.

Business Men Join With the Police to Prevent Reign of Terror.

Teamsters Plan to Paralyze Cartage Industry in the Indiana Capital.

Officers of National Guard Lend Aid to Municipal Authorities.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.) Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The General Teamsters, Chauffeurs and Helpers Union Local, No. 246, meeting at Labor Temple this afternoon, voted to strike, and at the same time Mayor Wallace and Acting Superintendent of Police Coffey were perfecting a reorganization of the police department and making arrangements to handle any disorders that may result from the walkout. The strike becomes effective at midnight. Part of the police reorganization program consisted of the wearing of 250 prominent business and professional men as special policemen.

"We are ready," said Mayor Wallace last evening. "We are prepared for any action which may be taken. The details of police organization have been completed and we are waiting for any move which may be made."

The strike involves 1128 men, according to Thomas J. Farrell, secretary of the union, who said that the strike will affect the city's business and financial activity. The union is demanding a 10 per cent increase in wages, a 40-hour week, and a 10 per cent increase in the cost of living.

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WOMEN START DEMANDS FOR EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

Annual Convention of American Association Opens at Washington for a Week's Campaign on President Wilson and Congress to Secure a Constitutional Amendment.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—A week's campaign by the National American Woman Suffrage Association to secure the adoption of a constitutional amendment to enfranchise women was launched today at a mass meeting. It was the formal opening of the forty-fifth annual convention of the association.

An assemblage which packed the theater listened for nearly three hours to discussions between conspicuous advocates of the woman movement. Suspended above the drop curtain was a huge yellow banner bearing the legend:

"We demand an amendment to the United States Constitution enfranchising women."

The association adopted almost unanimously resolutions introduced by Mrs. Helen Ring Robinson, a member of the State Senate of Colorado, calling upon President Wilson in his forthcoming message to Congress to adopt the woman suffrage constitutional amendment as an administrative measure and to urge Congress to take immediate and favorable action upon it, urging the Senate to pass the amendment and asking the House to create a committee on woman suffrage.

SLIGHT PROTESTS. The only protest was voiced by one of the delegates from Louisiana, backed by a small following. The opposing delegates, however, were not even given an opportunity to explain the reasons for their attitude.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the association, presided and in her opening address voiced the belief that a deliverance—speedy deliverance—of women about to come through the action of the American Congress and through the President of the United States.

Introducing Mary Anderson, Margaret Hinchey and Rose Winslow, all women industrial workers, Dr. Shaw said:

"The right of the people to a voice in their own government is the one point to which we are directing our efforts. We know no politics—no political parties. We stand for no class."

—for no race, but only for a voice for all the people in their own affairs."

NEW ORDER AT HAND. Miss Anderson, a member of the Industrial Workers of the World, told of her experience before the Illinois Legislature and maintained that if they had had votes they could have accomplished much by direct influence. Miss Hinchey, a laundry worker of New York, discussed particularly the "underpaid and underfed women industrial workers," reacting some of the trials which they were compelled to undergo on account of low wages and bad working conditions.

Miss Winslow ridiculed the establishment of working girls' homes and similar philanthropy. She, too, demanded equality of rights, an equal chance for each girl to accomplish something for herself at a living wage—not merely a minimum wage.

Mrs. Robinson, the Colorado Senator, delivered the principal address in the afternoon, her subject being "Women as Legislators."

"The one great motive that has brought the 'woman movement' in its present proportions," she said, "is the determination of women to protect the home. We still meet occasionally men and women left over from yesterday, who persist in the moth-eaten assertion that the home must suffer if now and then a woman takes a ballot in her hands instead of a broom; and yet there are beautiful, well-ordered and inspiring homes in America where the mothers and grandmothers have been handling the ballot for forty-four years."

NEW ORDER AT HAND. In an address at the conclusion of the meeting, Miss Jane Addams, settlement worker of Chicago, asserted the country and the world was approaching a new order of things in politics. Basic changes were about to be made, she said, and as in all basic principles of human life, women strove, and always would be involved in the changes.

Morning, afternoon and evening sessions of the association were held daily until next Friday. The suffragists expect to put in a busy week at the capital aside from the government departments. Hundreds of delegates from all parts of the country are here for the convention.

Emergency.

HUERTA MAY ADOPT FORCED LOAN SYSTEM.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 30.—The possible treatment of the Mexican question by President Wilson's coming message has aroused considerable interest among the Mexican government officials, but there is notable absence of alarm, because of the deep-rooted conviction that neither intervention nor the supplying of arms and ammunition to the rebels will be recommended.

The financial situation is regarded with comparative complacency by Gen. Huerta, who does not regard the lack of money as a vital blow to his administration.

His friends point out that although the government may be bankrupt, the provisional President is far from being without funds, and is not likely to be entirely without money as long as private institutions and corporations possess funds. They are of the opinion that the President will not fail, for the sake of his movement, to resort to forced loans. Indeed, persuasive methods have already been used, and in several cases have borne marked similarity to the forced loan system.

There are many men rated as millionaires and several large corporations whose properties might be available for taxation. There are millions to be had for the taking, and Gen. Huerta's admirers assert that he would be acting in accordance with justice and his duty to the country if he utilized this money for defense.

Special taxes have already been announced, which will become effective tomorrow, and will net at least \$5,000,000 pesos (\$1,500,000) annually to the government. It would be feasible, it is pointed out, to augment this amount materially by the simple method of still further increasing the taxes. No avenue which might provide funds for the government is being overlooked.

GAMBLING RESTRICTED. For years gambling has been restricted, but there are now many reports of this class operating openly, and each is paying its quota in the shape of license fees.

No confirmation is available of yesterday's report that the government has obtained a \$5,000,000 peso loan, nor is there evidence of any marked

optimism that further foreign loans will be obtained.

The military situation throughout the country has shown no improvement in the last week so far as government is concerned. Steps have been taken to strengthen the garrison at Tampico, but there is no sign of a greater force of rebels to the north and west.

The movement of rebels south toward San Luis Potosi continued today. Federal troops have been sent north from San Luis Potosi in an effort to check the movement, but fighting has occurred many times in the last few days, but without holding back the rebels.

In the State of Zacatecas, to the west of San Luis Potosi, according to government reports, some advantage has been gained by Huerta's troops, but the mobility of the rebels has gone far toward neutralizing the advances made by the government.

MICHOACAN OPERATIONS. Operations in Michoacan and other regions further south have been about equalized as between the Constitutionalists and the Federalists. The situation in the north, it is conceded, is practically dominated by the rebels, although the government still expresses hope of being able to recapture Juarez.

Exactly what is going on through the republic, it is impossible to ascertain because of lack of communication and rigorous military censorship at places where the telegraph wires are still being operated.

There is no news published in the capital almost no news affecting the political and military situation, except that which emanates from the government departments. No censorship has been placed on newspaper dispatches out of Mexico, but it is believed that such a step is being considered.

Gen. Rubio Navarrete, commanding the Federal advance on Victoria, who has been out of communication with the government here, has reappeared at Monterrey. His retreat is viewed as strategic at the War Department, where it is insisted that he has defeated the rebels.

The government claims that Gen. Bahago, who was reported to have killed himself after losing Victoria, has reappeared at Cerritos, 100 miles to the south.

To Renew Rioting.

(Continued from First Page.)

300 business men were sworn in as a reserve force this afternoon. These men, provided with uniforms and guns, are quartered in Tomlinson Hall, where they will be held until the strike is settled. The men are commanded by officers of the Indiana National Guard.

For four months Indianapolis has been agitated with labor troubles which have resulted in the resignation of Mayor Shank, Superintendent of Police Hyland and W. E. Davis, president of the Board of Public Safety, and a general shake-up in the city administration.

During the last street car strike there was so much rioting that the entire State militia was called out by Gov. Rabalais. The guardsmen, however, were not used, as the employees and the street railway officials signed an agreement to place their dispute before the State Public Service Commission.

COAL STRIKERS MAKING THREATS.

(By A. P. Night Wire to the Times.)

TRIUMPH (Colo.) Nov. 30.—Coal strikers in the Southern Colorado coal fields intend to make a demonstration of probable physical violence against any persons brought into this district to work in the mines, was the fear expressed by military authorities here tonight. When word was received at the Ludlow tent colony this morning that a trainload of employees was expected from Denver, a crowd of more than 100 women and children, armed with clubs and stones, gathered at the station to await the arrival of the expected train.

The train was dispersed by a company of infantry under Maj. Kennedy, but the excitement at the Ludlow tent colony was only increased by the news that the train was called off by soldiers. It is said that the women were sent to meet the train in the belief that the militia would not use actual force against them.

Military guards at Ludlow, however, tonight were increased in anticipation of trouble.

Hopes to Placate Huerta and Carranza.



Dr. Aureliano Urrutia.

Former Minister of the Interior of Mexico, who has suggested to President Huerta the formation of a new Cabinet and the granting to the Constitutionalists of certain concessions.

Conciliatory.

DR. URRUTIA SUGGESTS PLAN TO RESTORE PEACE.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 30.—Hoping to placate the rebels, Dr. Aureliano Urrutia, former Minister of the Interior, has suggested to President Huerta, it is said, the formation of an almost entirely new Cabinet and the granting to the Constitutionalists of certain concessions. Under Dr. Urrutia's plan, Gen. Blanquet would be left at the head of the

Department of War, while Urrutia would be reinstated as Minister of the Interior.

Dr. Urrutia is said to believe his plan will meet with the approval of the United States. Prior to Urrutia's elimination from the Cabinet, last September it was common gossip that should Huerta resign he would leave Urrutia the Presidency.

Mexico.

(Continued from First Page.)

capture the Chihuahua state capital is expected to be accomplished by the provisional capital will be moved.

It is considered improbable that Carranza will make any further declarations concerning Constitutional relations with the United States until the result of the Masatlan conference with President Wilson has been made known, although before he left Nogales, Carranza published a full statement dealing with the attitude of the Constitutional revolutionists.

Passenger traffic was opened today as far south as Maytorena, the insurgent base above Guaymas. Before this only military trains have been running between Hermosillo and Maytorena.

A party of Constitutional civil officials and army officers left today for Culiacan, capital of Sinaloa, to reorganize the military and civil governments of the state. Masatlan, west coast seaport, is the only spot in the state not controlled by the insurgents.

Before the rebel victories around Juarez, Gen. Carranza had announced that he would make the reconquest trip himself, so the departure of Miguel A. Robles, Secretary of State of Sinaloa, and Col. Eduardo P. Hall, military commander of the state, taken as indication that other plans had been made for the transfer of the Constitutional headquarters.

Carranza announced last week that probably he would enter Chihuahua, Mexico, by the route of the Pacific coast, where there are no railroads for more than 200 miles. It is believed that the latter route has been selected. The insurgent chief announced several days ago that he would not pass through the United States, even with permission from Washington.

WILSON EXPECTS TO MEET HALE.

(By A. P. Night Wire to the Times.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—President Wilson found no change in the Mexican situation today on his return to the capital.

The possibility that the visit to Vera Cruz of Querido Mohano, Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, might mean the reopening of negotiations with the United States, however, has been awakened speculation again, but officials tonight were unaware of it. Mohano contemplated such a purpose.

The return to Washington of William Bayard Rustin, who had been with Gen. Carranza and the Constitutional chiefs on the border, is said with much interest. Mr. Rustin may get back late tomorrow or Tuesday. His observations of the Constitutional movement will be an important factor in the Washington government's future attitude toward the Constitutionalists.

Sir William Tyrrell, private secretary to Sir Edward Grey, who has been acting as a medium of communication between the British For-

sign Office and the American government during the illness of Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, left here today for New York. He will sail Tuesday for England. The British Ambassador is expected to be recovered today as to be able to take a long walk.

CARRANZA TAKEN.

Only in the Movies, However, as He and His Staff Leave Army Headquarters at Nogales.

(By Direct Wire to the Times.)

NOGALES (Ariz.) Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] In the belief that the people of the United States are in ignorance of the true conditions in Mexico, the leaders of the Constitutional movement have adopted the moving picture as a means of educating the public. This morning Gen. Carranza and his staff were taken as they emerged from the army headquarters and later a number of prominent buildings were taken upon the film for the use of the theaters across the border.

By this means, Gen. Carranza hopes to show foreigners that northern Mexico is under perfect control and that the property are being protected as well as at any time in the nation's history.

An plans for the next important movement are being perfected. Notices were posted today forbidding anyone to enter army headquarters under any pretext. It is expected that an announcement will be made within a day or two that Gen. Carranza with an escort will go over the mountains to direct to Chihuahua. In the meantime another column is being equipped to go south along the Pacific coast.

PORFIRIO DIAZ WILL NOT RETURN.

(By Cable and Direct Wire to the Times.)

PARIS, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Although Gen. Porfirio Diaz, exiled President of Mexico, could not be seen today, inquiries were assured that he has not returned to Mexico, recently and that, far from intending to return to Mexico, he is looking for a house in Paris, and expects to make his residence here permanently.

Supposed Federal Recruits.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 30.—[By A. P. Night Wire.] It is believed here that the Federal garrison at Masatlan is being recruited with men from the State. A list of 350 Mexicans who have been sleeping the office of a local steamer company for passage to Mexico left last night on two steamers. Eighty-two were taken to the Lower California capital earlier today on another vessel. The destination of all is Masatlan via Ensenada.

Twentieth Infantry Arrives.

SAN BERNARDINO, Nov. 30.—[By A. P. Night Wire.] The Twentieth United States Infantry reached here this afternoon from Utah, bound for El Paso for border patrol duty. The regiment consists of 800 men traveling in four special trains. The officers declare that as far as they know there is no special significance to this movement.

Arrowhead Hotel is now steam heated.

50.00 TO SAN DIEGO and back. See this city of beautiful homes.

REVOLT CALLED CLASS STRUGGLE.

"Observer" Compares Mexican Soldiery to Slaves.

Says but Few Serve from Patriotic Motives.

Declares Aristocrats Favor Semi-Feudal System.

BY OBSERVER.

[Eighth article of the Series, Copyright, 1913: By Tribune Company of Chicago.]

In most revolutions of the purely European races the lower and middle classes have united to end or to lessen the oppression practiced by the upper classes.

In some cases the middle and lower classes, having disposed of the upper, have fought or struggled with each other. However, the middle class has always been sufficiently numerous and sufficiently willing to risk its life and property to prevent in the long run any change so violent as to put the governing power in the hands of people so ill prepared that terrible abuses were sure to follow.

In this way while democracy has advanced it has seldom gone faster than the people as a whole have been prepared for it.

MIDDLE CLASS SMALL.

In Mexico the middle class, small in number, not united, and far from being sure of itself, is both unable and too often unwilling to play the predominant part which is essential if a real democracy, backed by a sufficient force to maintain order, is to be established.

The main struggle has been in reality between the smaller upper aristocratic land-owning class and the large, ignorant and poor lower class. The upper class with very few exceptions wishes to continue the unjust social and economic condition under which it has so much profited. The lower class, however, morally and financially, any ambitious leader who can bring sufficient force to their aid to make his support worth while. The numbers of the lower class, conscious of their wrongs, but dimly understanding the proper remedies, follow readily enough any leader promising revenue, betterment of their condition, or both.

ONCE A SEMI-FEUDAL STATE.

When it came, the ease with which it succeeded was astonishing to everyone. Once in power, however, it commenced to lose ground. The lower classes wanted put into immediate effect the violent remedies which they had been promised. Had all the middle class firmly recognized this, when asked the night, in spite of their small numbers, have been able to have kept the lower class in order. They not only were not united, but those favoring Madero did not have sufficient confidence in themselves. Where stern, vigorous measures should have been applied, they vacillated from one idea to another and generally ended by temporizing.

The upper class and those anxious for the resumption of the old regime, because of selfish or ambitious reasons, soon learned they need not fear the stern measures which would have kept them in order. They promptly took advantage of the situation with the result that Madero fell and with him hopes of constitutional government.

Prior to the advent of the foreigner and his capital, Mexico may be described as an agricultural, semi-feudal state. Under such conditions the middle class is practically nonexistent.

As the foreigners developed Mexico industrially and commercially, a small middle class grew up. Through contact with the foreigner, added to the fact that they had sufficient intelligence and education to form a more or less correct opinion as to the present condition made these people a good field for the growth of democratic ideas.

Men of this class and a few of the upper class started a revolutionary propaganda. They formed juntas in the United States, which, working through pamphlets, other literature, and by the formation of societies in Mexico, worked on the discontent of the lower and middle classes. In this way they did a great deal to prepare the way for the Madero revolution. Those best acquainted with Mexico had known for years that this or a similar revolution was inevitable.

ARMY INDEX OF PEOPLE.

The best indication of how seriously a people believe in the principles they profess is what risks they will undergo to support those principles in time of war or revolution.

In the United States and England men of all classes are found in large numbers in the armies which are settling foreign or home difficulties. On the continent of Europe bearing arms has always been the profession of the nobility and whatever faults they may have had their willingness to fight for their beliefs. In the same way the middle and lower class continental show by their battle casualties they are willing to back their principles with force when it is necessary.

In the beginning of war or revolution it is best that the armies should be made up of the young unmarried men of the nation, who are not home life of the nation shall be disturbed as little as possible. If time passed, however, and the trouble is not settled then sufficient men must be regarded of business and home to bring matters to an end and restore normal conditions.

RICH AVOID SERVICE.

Applying these tests to Mexico what is the result? With few exceptions the upper class Mexican is not found under arms in any capacity. These few exceptions are as a rule men with foreign blood in their veins. Like Gen. Mier, who is of German descent, and Gen. Gonzalez, who boasts of his Irish blood, incidentally, Gen. Gonzalez, after spending considerable of his own money, is understood to have given up his command in disgust, because, due to the inefficiency of the government back of him and the troops under him, he was unable

to fight a real campaign as he wished to do. Large numbers of the upper class have taken refuge in Europe or the United States and have no intention of returning until the existing difficulties are settled. The majority of this class are the first to make friends with an invader. The small middle class do better. Most of the officers of the Federal army and many of the men in the ranks and officers of the rebel forces are expected to do most of the fighting with pretty much the same result. From time to time there is great talk of raising volunteers. The papers give glowing descriptions of how Mexico will soon have an army the size of Germany's and enter into the details of how this force is to be raised and equipped.

Just as the lower class is expected to do most of the work in Mexico and get nothing out of it, they are expected to do most of the fighting with pretty much the same result. From time to time there is great talk of raising volunteers. The papers give glowing descriptions of how Mexico will soon have an army the size of Germany's and enter into the details of how this force is to be raised and equipped.

One scheme was that each one of the landed proprietors of Mexico should furnish and maintain a regiment of soldiers. The statement was made that there were 20,000 proprietors in Mexico, so that would make an army of 200,000. Of course, nothing came of it. Incidentally the men furnished by the proprietors were to be taken from their farms or laboratories.

In Mexico City and in most of the cities and large towns under Federal control small volunteer forces have been raised. While in Mexico City the majority of them consist of clerks and other men of the middle class, in most cases only the officers come from the middle class, the enlisted men being peasants. The favorite argument in raising them is that they will not be sent into the field against the rebels, but only used in case of a foreign war. The result of the whole movement is that in each city or town there is a comparatively small force which will fight in the streets of that city in its defense if it is attacked by rebels or foreign forces. They have no desire to really take the field and will avoid it if possible.

PATRIOT QUILTS IN DISGUST.

The only real volunteers organized for fighting purposes and who actually took the field was a force of 1000 raised, paid and equipped by Alberto Bernal during the Madero regime. He actually took them north and fought the rebels. Incidentally Bernal's father was an Irish-American.

The truth of the matter is that the majority of the upper and middle classes, however, are not willing to risk much in backing these volunteers. They are content to leave matters in the hands of a small number of their class, though the time has now arrived in Mexico when the family, business and national life of the country is so menaced that by promoting revenue is a better way against the necessity for the majority of the male population to take up arms and decisively settle the differences.

PEACE AT ANY COST.

A prosperous middle class Mexican who had complained of the diabolical and tyrannical of the Huerta government in the same breath that he damned the United States for not recognizing him, when asked the last night and today, waiting for the death of her husband's death, had only one word to say, "I would restore peace and let Madero go on with his business, which Huerta would do if the United States would recognize him."

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PEN MURDERER IN DEADLY GAS.

Refuge of Mexican Outlaw Is Boarded Up.

All Entrances to Mine Are Closed Tight.

Wife-Shooter Said to Be Along With Lopez.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

BINGHAM (Utah) Nov. 30.—While Ralph Lopez, the slayer of six men, was attempting to batter down a bulkhead at the entrance of the Farnell tunnel in the Utah-Apex mine here late today, a posse penetrated Andy Incline and brought out the bodies of Deputy Sheriffs Douglas Halsey and Tom Mandrich, the victims of the desperado's aim, in a subterranean battle yesterday.

A surprising development late today was the report that Mike Cranovich, who shot his wife five times and seriously wounded her several days ago, was also a fugitive at bay in the mine and was co-operating with Lopez.

Two deputies on guard at the Farnell mouth opened fire with rifles when Lopez began breaking down the bulkhead, and he retreated back into the mine after prying away one board. That hunger is making him desperate is the belief of the officers, as he has been in the mine with only a small supply of food since Thursday.

Hundreds of men begged in a dozen different languages today for the opportunity to search the mine for the desperado. But only five, led by Dr. F. E. Straup, Mayor-elect of Bingham, were allowed to penetrate the workings. They made two trips, returning on the first with the blood-stained hat of Mandrich. Then they rushed in later and brought out the bodies, which had been dragged by Lopez a considerable distance up the mine.

EVIDENCE THAT CRANOVICH IS IN THE MINE.

The evidence that Cranovich is in the mine was disclosed by the officers in charge. It was said, however, that a friend of Cranovich had been supplying him with food in an abandoned working shaft entered the mine.

ENTRANCE CLOSED.

Outward a dozen times since Lopez began his career of bloodshed on November 21, the sheriff of seven counties, in counsel early today, decided to batter up the mine and attempt to asphyxiate the fugitive with poisonous gases. Accordingly, all the fifteen exits except that to the Andy Incline tunnel were stopped with bulkheads. The generation of the gases was delayed by the failure to recover the bodies of the two deputies who were killed last night and today, waiting for the death of her husband's death, had only one word to say, "I would restore peace and let Madero go on with his business, which Huerta would do if the United States would recognize him."

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Hundreds of men begged in a dozen different languages today for the opportunity to search the mine for the two slain deputies. But only five, led by Dr. F. E. Strapp, Mayor-elect of Bingham, were allowed to penetrate the workings. They made two trips, returning on the first with the blood-stained hat of Mandrich. Then they rushed in later and brought out the bodies, which had been dragged by ropes a considerable distance up the Andy incline.

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The generation of the gases was delayed by the failure to recover the bodies of the two deputies, but with this accomplished the expected plan would be carried out tonight.

The wife of Mandrich, who stood all last night and today, waiting for verification of her husband's death, fainted when his body was carried out. Lopez's bullets, so far, have made four widows and fifteen fatherless children.

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EXTRA SESSION ENDS TODAY.

But a New One Will Begin as the Old Dies.

Programme of Anti-Anything for Major Party.

President's Quirt Ready to Line Them Up.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The interest usually surrounding the opening of a new session of Congress will be absent from the events of tomorrow. While the first session of the sixty-third Congress will end at noon and the second session will be ushered in by formal proclamation of the Vice-President and the Speaker of the House, the status of legislation will be little different from what it was when Senate and House adjourned Saturday afternoon.

President Wilson will appear before the House at 1 o'clock Thursday to read his annual message at a joint session in the House chamber. Aside from this formality, instigated by President Wilson last April at the start of the special session, and the presentation in the House tomorrow of the annual estimates for Federal expenditures, the first days of the new session will be scarcely distinguishable from the closing days of the old one.

The Senate will meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow and there will be an intermission for the annual estimates for Federal expenditures, the first time in many years Congress will step over from one session to another, without a break in the routine of business. The Senate will meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow and there will be an intermission for the annual estimates for Federal expenditures, the first time in many years Congress will step over from one session to another, without a break in the routine of business.

The significance of the new session lies in the fact that it opens floodgates for legislative activity and inaugurates a period that promises to be crowded with the consideration of special projects and public in legislative enactment.

The extra session just ending was limited, by informal agreements with President Wilson, to the consideration of tariff and currency reform, and nothing that might interfere with those issues was taken up. The currency bill still dominates the situation as the new session begins, but the administration programs of anti-trust and railroad legislation, which is to follow, must share the spotlight with a score or more of other important subjects.

It is the hope of Democratic leadership that the currency bill can be disposed of by the end of December and can be completed by both houses of Congress and signed by the President in January. In anticipation of this, the plans for anti-trust legislation will be taken up this week by President Wilson in conference with Representative Clayton, Senator Newlands and other members of the Judiciary and Interstate Commerce Committees of the two houses.

ANTI-TRUST LAWS.

The administration is to lay stress upon the proposed strengthening of the anti-trust laws from the outset. It is proposed to have the general plan of action laid out in advance of the opening of the subject in the House and Senate. Other important subjects to be taken up in Congress early in the session and that will divide attention with the anti-trust bills include:

Further regulation of railroads as to rates and stock issues, government-owned railroad for Alaska, regulation of trading in cotton and grain futures, Federal aid for vocational education, establishment of a system of rural land banks, independence of the Philippines constitutional amendment for women's suffrage, regulation of working conditions for merchant sailors, legislation for the safety at sea, two-battleship naval program, establishment of a Federal armor-making plant, goods roads legislation, investigation of cost of living problem and all the annual appropriation bills.

HETCH HETCHY BILL.

The bill to give San Francisco water supply rights in Hetch Hetchy Valley, over which a conservationist fight has waged for more than a year, is set for a vote in the Senate December 8. Another agreement calls for consideration immediately afterward of the bill to authorize construction of government railroads in Alaska. A similar measure has been favorably acted upon by a committee of the House. These bills, with the seamen's servitude bill, which recently passed the Senate, probably will be the first measure of a general character considered by Congress.

Extensive hearings will be given by the House Committee on Judiciary preliminary to any decision as to the form of anti-trust legislation. The first measure to be brought forward probably will be designed to prevent interlocking directorates among industrial concerns. This interpretation of large corporations has been the subject of repeated attacks by Congressional and Federal investigating bodies. Other subjects of the anti-trust program will include price-cutting by monopolies, over-capitalization, restraint of trade and the more adequate control of corporations, probably through an interstate corporation commission.

PRICE OF EGGS.

Investigations to determine the cause of increased prices in food products are expected to begin soon after the session opens. Resolutions demanding such inquiries are now before Congress. Representative McKeellar of Tennessee has introduced a comprehensive bill to provide for more adequate regulation of cold storage operations and to penalize combinations that control food prices or parcel out selling territory, and other measure of like character will be introduced this week.

President Wilson has indicated his keen interest in the development of a system of rural land banks or credit agencies that would meet the needs of country districts more adequately than can existing common rural banks. The recent recommendations of the committee that studied rural credit systems of other countries have emphasized the need of such a system. It is expected that soon after the passage of the currency reform bill, the work of devising an adequate system of rural banks will be undertaken.

NATIONAL DEFENSE.

The naval building programme of the year is expected to develop away from the light between the so-called army forces, who last year held Congress to the authorization of a dreadnought, and the administration forces, who will support Secretary

Daniel's recommendation for two ships. Other important phases of national defense are to be considered by Congress, including the Padgett bill to give the naval militia a national standing similar to that enjoyed by the national guard, and the Hudson bill to create a council of national defense to outline the general military and naval policies of the nation.

THE PHILIPPINES.

Plans have not yet been matured by the administration for the handling of the Philippine problem. It is expected that renewed efforts will be made early in the session to pledge Congress to a measure giving early independence to the islands. This fight will be led by Representative Jones of Virginia, chairman of the Committee on Insular Affairs.

The attempt to secure laws giving Federal aid to vocational schools and agricultural extension work, also will be renewed early in the winter. These projects, coupled with the fight for laws giving Federal aid to the construction of roads in all States, will unite forces that have been at work for several sessions to secure such legislation.

The new session probably will witness more activity prior to Christmas than any session of recent years.

Democratic leaders purport to be holding the Senate to thirteen-hour sessions, with no Christmas vacation until the time set for the holiday. In the House, meantime, an effort will be made to dispose of several of the annual appropriation bills before Christmas, so that appropriation legislation will interfere as little as possible with the consideration of other matters.

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SANDPAPERS CURRENCY BILL.

Conference Puts Last Work Upon the Measure.

Differs Little from Draft Reported to Senate.

Democrats Agree to Caucus When They Disagree.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Determined to have the administration currency bill ready for consideration by the Senate as a Democratic party measure when the new session of Congress opens tomorrow, the Senate conference of Democrats worked late tonight settling the disputed details of the bill.

As finally agreed upon, the measure was little different from the draft presented to the Senate by Chairman Owen and the five other administration Democrats of the Banking and Currency Committee. The conference decided, however, that if disputed points of importance became apparent in the course of debate on the floor, each difference among Democrats as it arose would be made the subject of conference, the party disagreements straightened out and the majority thereby united to act on the floor.

The administration members of the Banking and Currency Committee reported to the conference tonight on practically all of the disputed propositions in the bill. The conference adopted the recommendation for a plan to guarantee the deposits of banks which enter the new system. This would provide that after the new regional banks have earned a 6 per cent dividend on their stock and established a 40 per cent surplus, the excess earnings shall be divided half and half. One part shall be devoted to a guarantee fund and the other shall be paid to the government as a "franchise tax."

The conference also adopted the suggestion of the committee that the Federal reserve board, which will control the new system, should consist of the Secretary of the Treasury and six members to be appointed by the President.

The conference, with the exception of writing in the provision for a guarantee of bank deposits, has made practically no material change in the draft of the bill presented by Senator Owen, and the conference measure, it is practically certain, will be acceptable to all Democrats.

REFUNDING PLAN.

The conference, just before midnight, wrote into the bill a new plan for refunding the 2 per cent bonds on which the present bank note currency is based. The plan was evolved by Secretary McAdoo and provides for the retiring of \$25,000,000 of the bonds each year. The Federal reserve banks would take over that amount of the bonds, paying par and interest to the banks now holding them.

Provision is made for the pro rata distribution of the retirement among banks which apply to have their bonds sold. The money paid for the bonds would be used to cancel the notes outstanding against them, and the surplus paid to the banks whose bonds and notes were retired.

The plan adopts the feature proposed by the anti-administration members of the Senate Banking Committee, which would allow the reserve banks to exchange the bonds for one-year treasury notes at 2 per cent, which could be used in foreign markets to purchase gold to maintain the reserve. In addition, however, the McAdoo plan would allow the regional banks to circulate their bills against the bonds, similar to the present banknote currency.

The conference agreed to extend the Aldrich-Vreeland emergency currency act, now in force, until June 30, 1919, to cover the period when the Federal reserve board failed. It was stipulated that the bill would be reported by the anti-administration wing of the Banking Committee.

PRESIDENT RETURNS.

President Wilson returned early today from New York, where he saw the Army-Navy football game, and after a long automobile ride, got in touch with the Democratic leaders who are engineering the currency bill in the Senate.

The President is pleased with the progress of the Democratic conference and hopes for the enactment of the bill before the public and recent legislation, tended to force government ownership of railroads. Unless the bill is passed, he said, public ownership was inevitable.

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Thrift brings rewards in Money and Character

When you open a banking account you not alone build up prosperity and independence but you reap another, and perhaps a greater reward—the building up of character—the one element that places certain people above their fellows in every walk of life. Money saving and character building walk hand in hand, ultimately bringing to men and women a complete realization of their greater opportunities—both material and otherwise.

A savings account, paying 4 per cent interest compounded every six months, may be opened at this bank with a single dollar.

3 Per Cent Paid on Special Savings Deposits when balance does not fall below \$300. Such accounts may be checked against under normal conditions. Interest credited monthly.

Our Trust Department will make your will, administer your estate, act as guardian, trustee, executor, etc.

Safe Deposit Boxes for valuable papers, jewelry, etc. \$2.50 or more yearly.

Our Branch Establishments offer the same complete service that is provided at the main banking house.

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Schlitz in Brown Bottles made pure—kept pure

They count particularly this year, when the "most for your money" is an object. Watch RITTIGSTEIN'S advertisements for the special money saving offers on diamonds, jewelry and silverware of a quality which is guaranteed by fifteen years of integrity.

Two of Rittigstein's Big \$10 Specials

Gold Watch AND FOB

Watch Bracelet GOLD FILLED

A small, dainty bracelet, gold filled, extra quality. And offered at a very special price.

The Peter Schoenhofen Brewing Company CHICAGO

PLEASE RETURN BOTTLES AND CASE AS SOON AS EMPTY

Peter Schoenhofen Brewing Co. tacitly admits by the warning on their caution slip reproduced above—that light affects the quality of beer—that the light bottle is insufficient protection.

It is not enough to make pure beer—it must be protected from sunlight.

Schlitz in Brown Bottles is pure and wholesome from the brewery to your glass.

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Peter Schoenhofen Brewing Co. tacitly admits by the warning on their caution slip reproduced above—that light affects the quality of beer—that the light bottle is insufficient protection.

It is not enough to make pure beer—it must be protected from sunlight.

Schlitz in Brown Bottles is pure and wholesome from the brewery to your glass.

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Prices on Good Jewellery Count.

They count particularly this year, when the "most for your money" is an object. Watch RITTIGSTEIN'S advertisements for the special money saving offers on diamonds, jewelry and silverware of a quality which is guaranteed by fifteen years of integrity.

Two of Rittigstein's Big \$10 Specials

Gold Watch AND FOB

Watch Bracelet GOLD FILLED

A small, dainty bracelet, gold filled, extra quality. And offered at a very special price.

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Gold Watch AND FOB

Watch Bracelet GOLD FILLED

A small, dainty bracelet, gold filled, extra quality. And offered at a very special price.

ENTS FURNISHED.
A APARTMENTS. COMFORT
ce, Westlake district. Opened
passed 2 and 3-room apart-
sumptuously furnished, pri-
phones, billiard parlor, sun
everything new. Luring
delights of a trip to
for less; why pay more?

car to Valencia. WILSHIRE

Y. APARTMENTS.
Y. THIRD ST.
Rooms: summer rates; new
ref. recora, apartments well
furnished; view; near
bus: 10 minute walk
Phone: 1010K or MAIN 884.

BRACE APARTMENTS.
dies—High Ground.
NEW—ATTRICT
Toward Terrace
6th. of Alvarado and Shower
bath. Be 625 and co—
NINION APARTMENTS.
EAST DISTRICT.
UNION AVE.
and Eighth st. or less.
One of country's many
residences in the city has, which
has convenient to the beach
Hotel. Vacant now, 5 rooms

RTMENT.
a in the Westlake district.
of some other...

[illegible]

ADULTS ONLY.

2. Flower St.
 3. up-to-date apartments.
 4. apartment. \$45.
 5. \$50.
 6.

APARTMENTS
 up to date. Close in. Work's
 1. \$18 up. 216 MEAL
 2. Temple city.

LAND HOTEL AND APART.
 1. Temple city.
 2. Modern, clean and quiet.
 3. Room and apartment.
 4. Room and apartment.
 5. R. Home 10549, Main St.

APARTMENTS
 1. Grand ave.
 2. Room many apartments. Study
 3. on Broadway. Steam heat.

ATTACHED
 1. 17th st.
 2.

APARTMENTS
 1. Located in a chance to appeal
 2. Elevator, baby, billiard
 3.

NEW PENTHOUSE HOMES
 1. convenient to bus for comfort of
 2. 221. rent (incl. street, gas
 3. and electric) \$100.
 4. 107 Pico Heights or West

nia, New and greatly mod-
els, \$29 to \$30; 3-room

Walking distance.	High.
LAND ST., corner	Blvd.
Latest, modern, sleeping 8 beds, amusement park, swimming, garage and address 1124 ORANGE W. Seventh st. car to 10th	
To 2 PEOPLE, entire chalet home in center of	

Consists of 2 large rooms.
Private entrance. one block
2954 8. NORMANDIE.

DOYLE APARTMENTS, 2280
4 and 3 rooms, neatly fur-
nished, conveniences, 15 min-
utes. Rates reasonable. Take
Phone 41088 DOYLE STS.
APARTMENTS, 1037 HYAM ST.
4. New annex, just opened,
2 and 3-room suites, steam
also others, \$15 and \$20.
APARTMENTS, 1427 Griffith ave.
4. New, with beautiful private
garden, equal to any

APARTMENTS, 310 S AL-
View; best residential sec-

APARTMENTS, 1240 SOUTH
erm. 4-story brick building.
la. with bath, steam-heated.
ch apartment. Rates rea-

Home 55593 - Wildlife, 20832.

[illegible]

APARTMENTS
Park View, modern, 2 and

[illegible]

HOPE AND HELP TO NEW NATION.
Distinguished Albanian Here for Country's Cause.

Appeal to United States to Aid in the Balkans.

Race to Regenerate Entire Peninsula, He Says.

Bearing a message from war-racked Albania, which, freed from Moslem domination and oppression, now seeks to take its place among the progressive nations of the world, Rev. Charles Telford Erickson told yesterday morning with most compelling force to the congregation at the First Presbyterian Church of "The New Albania."

Mr. Erickson has had a remarkable career, and can speak for Albania perhaps as no other. He has suffered imprisonment in and exile from that country, and has been asked by the president of Albania to represent that new nation to the people of the United States.

Speaking of the outlook for the newborn nation, and reviewing the awful loss of blood and treasure which Albania had suffered, the speaker submitted the practical question, "Is it worth the cost?" "I assure you that the highest cost is yet to be faced, but I believe it is worth while, first, to get in the midst of the Balkan nations as virile as the Albanian race, committed to the gospel of peace. Its influence and effect upon that Balkan people will be simply incalculable," he said.

"Another reason and perhaps the reason, by which I am able to reconcile all Albania has suffered, is that the race might be trained by God to go out and become leaders, and moral regenerators of the world. I believe if God has no other purpose than simply to allow Albania to become the battlefield of the powers from east and west, it would be a waste of 1900 years, to be spoiled, disrupted, massacred, crucified and divided like the garments of the Saviour among the nations. I believe that God on the other hand has sought to make this nation perfect through its suffering. For a greater, holier purpose, to become the ambassadors of Jesus Christ to the Mohammedan world, for there are one million and a half Mohammedans in a name, although Christian in heart, saying, 'Let us go back to the religion of our fathers.' The dearest thing is an old tradition, an old ideal, call it what you will, but the religion of the nation is the Christian faith, the faith that was brought to them by the Apostle Paul, so they are saying, 'Let us become what that faith can make us.' Once that nation becomes committed, there is nothing can stand against them in the Mohammedan world. They are so earnest, so zealous, so aggressive as they have been, but let Albania come with her flaming sword and that army will fall. I also think it is worth while just for the sake of the Master to restore that province. I can understand the feeling of the Turk in getting back to Adrianople, getting their flag up again, calling the faithful to prayer. Perhaps some of you can appreciate the feeling we had in wanting to get the banner of our Lord Jesus Christ back again at the head of the Albanian race. I think it is worth while if for no other reason than just to interpret to that nation what Jesus Christ and His banner stand for. A child nation has been laid in our arms, and what it wants is not so much a pocketbook as motherhood. It wants protection, it wants leadership, compassion, it wants sympathy, it wants service."

RULES FOR BENEFITS.

Attitude of Municipal Charities Commission of This City Finds Support in North.
Support of the stand of the Municipal Charities Commission of this city in demanding that the proportion of expenses in connection with a benefit performance shall not exceed one-tenth, was contained in advice received from San Francisco yesterday.

Mrs. Catherine Osbourne, president of the Happy Day Home, a charitable institution in San Francisco, after an unfortunate experience with a benefit theatrical performance, conferred with the board of directors, and it was decided to present to the Supervisors a bill making the benefit dependent upon securing a municipal license, and also making it unlawful for any charity performer to receive more than 10 per cent. of the gross receipts.

Mrs. Osbourne explained her position by saying that too many charities are exploited for personal gain, and the proposed plan of municipal protection would make it more difficult for unscrupulous persons to impose upon the public. It is pointed out by friends of the Municipal Charities Commission in this city, that the position taken by the president of the Happy Day Home in the Bay City, is almost identical with that taken by the commission several weeks ago, and which has been severely criticised by imperfectly informed persons, say champions of the local charity organization.

FIND CASH REGISTER EMPTY.
The fortunate transfer of the contents of the cash register to the safe a few minutes after midnight yesterday morning, saved the owner of the Matson Hotel at No. 121 Central avenue the loss of considerable money, and masked men entered the hotel, showing revolvers, and ordered Henry to hold up their hands. The waiter opened the cash register, and found it empty. They escaped.

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.
There are messages at the Western Union for Fred B. Wilson, J. O'Donnell, Joseph F. Collins, Henry Carpenter, Manuel Del Torro, Louis Pinal y Blanco, F. N. Sittler, August Schering, Mark Bertrford, Neillier S. Mahon, Margaret Minch, M. De la Torre, Mrs. E. E. Ferrell, Ernest Windsor, Charles Lewis, Frank Davis, Teresa Amille, Lew H. Wheeler, Anna T. Lopez, Mrs. May Haver, Frank Ross.

XXXIIND YEAR.
MILES OF FILM TO FIGHT DRY.

Unique Weapon Ready to Use Against Prohibition.

Mighty Wine Industry's Put Into Moving Pictures.

To Be Shown at Sacramento and at Washington.

Anticipating the attack that has started again on the wine industry of the State and holding themselves in preparation to combat the interests that are unfavorable to them, whether they happen to be local or national, the Italian Vineyard Company, representing the largest individual enterprise of its kind in the United States, yesterday for the first time threw up on the screen in one of the great theatres at Guasti a remarkable series of educational motion pictures showing all phases of the business.

About 200 visitors, among them State representatives, members of the official family of Los Angeles, the city and county officials of San Bernardino and a group of business and professional men gathered to witness the production, which leaves a vivid impression of the magnitude of the business as developed at this time in this section of the State. These pictures will be shown before the California legislators and to the Senators and Representatives at the national capital by way of paying the way for intelligent legislation on the subject.

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

Don't "Look Pleasant" at Tia Juana.



Mrs. William John Scholl.
Of this city, the safety of whose party on a visit to the Tia Juana fort was seriously endangered by the smile with which one member regarded the soldiers.

PLEASANT SMILE NEARLY PRECIPITATES TRAGEDY.

"LAUGH," said the poet, "and the world laughs with you; weep and you weep alone." From the time when pleasant internal thoughts were first expressed by a genial twitching of the facial muscles down to the "look pleasant, please," of the modern photographer, philosophers without end have urged

the efficacy of the human smile as the world's passport. It remained for Mrs. William John Scholl, one of this city's prominent figures in musical and club circles, to disprove yesterday that ancient belief with an instance in which a charming smile actually put her and a party of friends in danger of violence from a gold-brained officer of the Mexican army at the Tia Juana fort.

The smile was not Mrs. Scholl's, but that of her brother, Thomas Keogh, also of this city, who accompanied Mrs. Scholl and Miss Margarette Cushing on a auto trip from San Diego to Tia Juana. Now Keogh habitually wears an exceedingly pleasant expression. In fact some of his friends have accused him of originating the "smile that won't come off."

Now, Tom," said she, "these Mexicans are themselves and their army and their fort very seriously. I've heard that they're pretty touchy and they don't like Americans very well, anyway. So you just mustn't smile while we're in Tia Juana—they'll think you're making fun of them."

Tom smiled and acquiesced. In fact he crossed the line and began to smile earnestly around Tia Juana. Presently the little mud fort hove in sight and over the top of it a dozen more or less magnificent heads popped out. The rest of the party looked casually, but he forgot about not smiling. Instantly his face relaxed into its normal expression and he was unconsciously regarding the soldiers with a broad smile on his placid face.

"???" "!!!!!!!" said the officer in command, or words to that effect. "Shall a gringo thus make a sport of our glorious flag? Madre de Dios, I should not say!"

He jumped down off a "dobe block" jerking frantically at a long sword which was bumping along behind him as he ran toward the auto, gestulating furiously. The sword refused to come to its scabbard. With a rolling explosion of pepper, Castilian the indignant warrior grabbed a rifle of ancient vintage from a near-by soldier and leveled it. By that time, however, the civilian populace decided to take a hand. Three or four of it fell upon the officer from behind and restrained his sanguinary impulses by main strength. The Scholl auto in the meantime departing in haste but good order. Keogh, it may be mentioned, was still smiling.

"It was funny to see," said Mrs. Scholl over the long-distance telephone yesterday, "but it might have been pretty serious."

UNDONE BY HIS KNIFE.
Angered at a Tough Steak Man Draws Weapon from His Pockets and is Arrested by Officers.
Claude Hartzell, burglar, was undone yesterday, and all by his trusty butcher knife. Perhaps it was a tough steak that had a part in the undoing, so police records say.

Although Hartzell was a burglar, the police thought he was a robber. Not because they confused the meaning of the two nouns, but because of the record. They thought Hartzell had held a man while he took money from his purse. Instead, he had burglarized the restaurant of W. H. Hill at No. 1917 East Seventh street. After the job Darling Claude went into a restaurant on Main street to recuperate on fat viands and other food. He ordered a thick steak. The steak was tough. Wherever Claude went, with him went his trusty butcher knife. It was used for defense.

RECORDS BACK GIRL'S STORY?

Letters Apparently from the Accused Policemen.

Investigation by the Police Commission Today.

Witnesses' Names Veiled; Chief Waits Proof.

Charges against the eight policemen named by Nettie Gillette as having contributed to her delinquency will be filed with the Police Commission today.

Chief of Police Sebastian and Juvenile Officer Leo Marden conferred yesterday over the mass of details the girl has submitted as proof of her charges, and also the results of the work of several investigators who have been assigned to the case.

This matter, all of which is extremely condemnatory in tone, has been sent to the commission to be filed early today. Immediate consideration will be given the accusations.

But for the fact that Nettie Gillette is already a confessed criminal, the eight policemen would have been suspected indefinitely yesterday. It is against the custom of the department to place special credence in the utterances of criminals, and Chief Sebastian does not feel he should remove the men from the department and stop their wages until he has orders to do so from his superiors.

THE DETAILS.
In a supplementary confession made yesterday, the girl went into explicit details in her charges, declaring she remembers the exact addresses in the charges involving the several policemen.

The policemen she cites in her charges, whose names have been submitted to the Police Commission, are: Elmer Norrgard, of the Hollywood Station, J. J. Wearne, Earl Wilson, G. Larson, S. W. Hook, Lester de Val, Harry Collins and Harley Yarnell.

Search of the police records in the Hollywood station yesterday confirmed the girl's report that she had gone to the station with a complaint that her watch had been stolen, and that Patrolman Norrgard had been assigned to investigate the case.

From that date the policeman and the telephone girl were intimate friends. According to the girl and her mother, Mrs. A. Gillette, No. 6253 Selma avenue, Hollywood, the girl expected to wed the policeman.

Agents of the juvenile bureau visited the several rooming-houses the girl mentioned in her charges and found handwriting that will be used against the policemen.

In one instance the handwriting was positively identified; but handwriting experts will be asked to finally attach responsibility to the policemen through their ciphers.

Two of the policemen, Norrgard and Hook, are said to have written letters to Miss Gillette. It is alleged that Norrgard's letter contains matter for which he will be held responsible by the United States authorities on the charge of having violated the postal laws.

In this letter, the juvenile bureau claims, informant of a criminal nature was given to the Gillette girl to free her from a predicament she thought undesirable and humiliating. The letter signed "Hook" is merely a cheery note of inquiry about her health and the possibility of meeting her that they might go to the theater together. Nothing of an evil nature could be construed from the tone of the letter, which merely furnishes what is regarded as proof that Hook was associated with her.

Her Charges Stir the Police Department.



Miss Nettie Gillette.
Whose allegations against a number of members of the police force will be put up to the Police Commission for action.

THOUSAND THIEVES ARE HEADED FOR THIS CITY.

A THOUSAND thieves are headed for Los Angeles. The statistics belong to the police department. They come from the eastern cities. Close relations between the police department of Los Angeles and the departments of the cities in the East have created a system of exchanging news through bulletins. The eastern departments recently sent word that nearly every thief caught in the city would leave for Los Angeles if released, and, further, that every man that was wanted was reported to be either in Los Angeles or headed for the city of the Southland.

To offset this criminal influx, Chief of Police Sebastian has secured the appointment of twenty-five additional detectives. These men are to be secured from the uniformed men in the University and Hollywood divisions, and twenty-five additional policemen will be recruited to make up the full quota.

The appointment of the twenty-five men follows several daring burglary jobs that have taken place in the downtown district recently. The entrance to the Delany jewelry store on South Broadway was one of the boldest robberies ever committed in the city, and information is in the hands of the detectives that a number of famous criminals are here.

Entertaining the aristocracy of criminals is a hazardous pursuit for the city, so the regular detectives are to be given the twenty-five men to help them in driving the unwelcome ones away.

These criminals include all branches of crime. They are bunco men, porch climbers or "ding-bats," pickpockets or "dips," and robbers, or "pete blowers," and they are of both sexes.

Santa Monica Seethes.
Influence the voter, both sides held meetings and conferences in Santa Monica yesterday. The pastors of the churches, with a few exceptions, delivered political sermons against the "dem-run" on election day. The Law and Order League also was active, and it is said that behind the league are the prohibitionists of Los Angeles county, who would be elated over a victory there in advance of the State-wide "dry" campaign.

CAFES WOULD SUFFER.
Most of the section called Ocean Park is included in the city limits of Santa Monica. There are five cafes which serve liquor and four saloons in that section. It is asserted that these places would be forced out of business if prohibited from selling

NO CREED, NO CASH, NO DEBT.

Dr. Mason Launches Utopian Church of Seceders.

He's to Take His Salary Out of Collection Plate.

Old Charge Ignores Him and Presbytery May Also.

Dr. O. H. Mason, whose resignation as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Long Beach was demanded at a meeting held by its officers just five months ago, yesterday morning assumed the active pastorate of the Calvary Presbyterian Church, so-called, which was formed recently by his friends, who seceded from the parent organization. He was introduced by Dr. E. C. Jacks as "a man who has done more good for Long Beach and especially its temperance cause, than any other minister in the city. Dr. Mason appeared in fine spirits and his physical condition appeared much improved."

The principal features of the service were Dr. Jacks's remarks regarding the supposed robbery of Dr. Mason, reported to have occurred while the clergyman was en route from San Francisco to Los Angeles, in a Pullman sleeper, and Dr. Mason's declaration that the new church will be a "cheap church," will pay no set salaries, Church impose no financial obligations upon its members and will be "apostolic," with no building and no debts. For the present at least, no effort is to be made to secure recognition of the church at the hands of the Presbytery. The minister declared yesterday that the church will attempt to be strictly undenominational and that people of all religious beliefs, universalists and unitarians included, will be welcomed.

AS TO THE ROBBERY.
"Pullman car robberies occur every day of the world," declared Dr. E. C. Jacks, who has been given the title of assistant pastor of the new church, when, in his introductory remarks, he referred to the "theft" of the disappearance of Dr. Mason's \$400 a few nights ago. There have been some misrepresentations about his loss, and I want to warn you against paying any attention to insinuations. This money had been loaned to Dr. Mason by express by three of his friends in Long Beach, who are present here this morning. It was not on the train Wednesday night or Thursday morning. It was an unfortunate occurrence. It was Dr. Mason's loss and we all regret it. Someone has suggested that we reimburse him in some way. It was Dr. Mason's loss and we all regret it. Someone wouldn't consent to that."

Chapel Hall, where the Calvary Presbyterians hold their meetings, has a limited seating capacity. About 400 attended the service, of whom forty or more found standing room only. Some were turned away. The morning offering netted more than \$50. The plan is that the running expenses of the church will be met by the collection plate.

(Continued on Second Page.)

Monday, December 1st.

more news about Your Husband's Clothes

—Men are wearing better clothes nowadays—better fabrics, more style.
—You wonder why? Give me three guesses and I'll take one. Woman's Influence.
—She knows when the fabric and color is right, when it hangs right, when it is right. Her influence may be quiet—but it's there.
—but did you know that nowadays plenty of them are surprising their husbands with a new suit as a Christmas gift. They are! How?
—It's a simple matter. They know that I have their husband's measurements and corrected pattern from his last suit. They make their choice of my fabrics, ranging from \$40 to \$60 the suit.
—they order it "Delivered Christmas Morning" and it's there on the dot. Where's the man who wouldn't be pleased?
—you can do likewise—just as you step out of the elevator at the Third Floor.

Berkel Gordon
Tailor and Draper since 1886
Suite 800 Union Oil Bldg. Spring at Seventh.

Makes Dainty Delicious Cakes
MAKAKAKE
Contains choicest Velvet Corn Flour, German Rye, etc.—also Milk and Sugar.
10c

Today, Dec. 1, Xmas. Buying Bargains

If you plan to select anything musical, buy it at the store where best Assortments are carried. For a Piano, a Stringed Instrument, a Band Instrument, a Viola—in brief, for anything musical, you will buy it to best advantage at the Birkel Company.

PIANOS.
Our Lines comprise the foremost Steinway, the world-famous Steinway.
Uprights, \$175 up.
Grand, \$250 up.
WERNER, \$225 up.
Grand, \$300 up.
STEINWAY, \$275 up.
Grand, \$350 up.
KURTZMANN, \$275 up.
Grand, \$350 up.
STANDARD, \$275 up.
Grand, \$350 up.
PIANOLA PIANOS.
We are sole representatives for the Acoustic Line, the only genuine Pianola Pianos—
STEINWAY, \$1175.
WERNER, \$1100.
STEINWAY, \$1100.
WERNER, \$1100.
STEINWAY, \$1100.
WERNER, \$1100.
STEINWAY, \$1100.
WERNER, \$1100.

Ukuleles
If you give one of these Ukuleles to a friend, you'll be sure of getting the greatest Ukulele if you buy it here. We have only the best. These popular instruments, made of Koa, the Hawaiian tree, give free instruction to every purchaser.
\$8
\$10
\$15

Mandolins, Guitars Banjos, Etc., Etc.
For any Stringed Instrument, come to the Birkel Company. Our Assortments cover an immense range, in all Styles and Prices. We especially recommend the Washburn Line—universally recognized as the Standard of the World. We have these famous instruments at many prices, from \$15 up.

Victrolas \$15 Up
Pay a Dollar or Two Weekly.
Our stock of these popular Entertainers is complete. You can select any price you wish to pay, on the liberal terms of a dollar or two weekly.
Geo. J. Birkel Co.
31 Years in the Music Business
446-448 South Broadway
Steinway, Weber, and Other Pianos and Pianola Player Pianos. Acoustic Pipe Organs for the Home. Headquarters for Victrolas.

EVERY SEVENTH COUPLE FELONS.

Pastor Hurls Down Gauntlet to Marriage System.

And It's Promptly Taken Up by "Cupid" Sparks.

Starting Statistics as to Recently Wedded Divorcees.

In issuing 7490 licenses to wed during the past fiscal year—the largest number of any county in the State—the authorities of Los Angeles county compounded more than a thousand felonies punishable by penitentiary sentences of from one to ten years, according to the corollary of a remarkable sermon preached yesterday by Rev. Harry Wilson at St. Matthew's church. He declared that in one out of every seven married couples either the bride or groom is a divorced person, that such marriages are not marriages at all, but farcical travesties, and that the persons contracting them should be treated exactly as are those guilty of the same crimes, "standing at the altar of the marriage relation."

"Dr. Wilson is about right on the figure, but he's dead wrong on the other end," declared "Cupid" T. B. Sparks of the county marriage license bureau. "According to that, I ought to pass the next million years behind prison bars for I have personally issued nearly all of the licenses to the divorced persons who have made application for a second trial. I think much entitled to remarry as a widow or widower. It would be an American and un-Christian to hold to any other view."

"I tell you one thing, I'll stack up the divorcees who come to my office against any single woman, widow or bachelor for all-around decency and character. They have been through the mill and know what they are going up against, while hundreds of young thinking and frivolous boys and girls take the marital step without giving it a serious thought. And, further, 5 per cent of divorcees who remarry ever get inside a divorce court again; at least my figures prove it that way. They stick and make good wives and husbands."

"I'm proud of the growth of our population," said the minister in his sermon, "but the growth of divorce is still more wonderful, for divorce is still more common than death. It is four times as fast as the population. And not only is divorce increasing, but what is even more serious, the number of remarriages after divorce has also increased enormously."

"There are two causes which lie at the root of this evil, and the first is sentimentalism. All legislation should be founded upon principle, and there is only one principle upon which Christian marriage is founded, namely, 'What therefore God hath joined together, let no man put asunder.'"

"The crucial question which is at the root of the whole trouble is whether matrimony is a sacrament, a sacrament, whether God has anything to do with it, that is to say, whether it is simply an arrangement between two parties. If it is only a contract, then a man and a woman, when they mutually desire to break the contract, they should not do so, any more than two business partners should be prevented from dissolving partnership at their own pleasure. But such an arrangement as would be revolting; it would reduce marriage to a state of concubinage, and it would be a disgrace to the community."

"In the gospel of St. Matthew, it is stated: 'Who so marries that is put away, doth commit adultery.' If the bond of matrimony had been broken by her being 'put away,' would not he be an innocent party, as the bond cannot exist unless two people are bound together?"

"Now, what practical steps can be taken to rouse public opinion on this subject? There is just one thing that Christian people can do, and that is this: Face the facts and live up to them. Divorced people who are 'remarried' are in a bad way. They are adulterers; behave to them just exactly as if they were living in adultery; do not let them into your homes; do not go to their entertainments; treat them with Christian charity and politeness, but nothing more. The evil is a social one, and must be met socially; and if society is to be purified, it must be the Christians in society who will effect that purification."

Launching a New Temple of Faith.



CORNER-STONE OF CHURCH LAID.

STRUCTURE FOR BETHEL GERMAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Mortar Spread by Member of Board of Trustees, Who Performed Same Service When Zion Church Was Built Twenty-one Years Ago.

The corner stone of the Bethel German Methodist Episcopal Church at Thirty-sixth and Trinity streets was laid yesterday afternoon, the exercise being conducted by Rev. F. Brinkmeyer, district superintendent, and Rev. A. A. Priesing, pastor of the church.

The honor of spreading the mortar for the stone was given to Henry Auf dem Kamp, superintendent of the church building in the same lot. The program consisted of a song by the congregation, prayer by Rev. F. Brinkmeyer, solo by Misses Dietrich, Scripture reading by Rev. C. P. Kuhnle, address, "The Real Church of Christ," by Rev. J. H. Durbach, address, "The Real Church of Christ," by Rev. H. D. Kamp, and an address, "The Main Body of the Church," by Rev. O. Wille.

The new building will seat 300 persons, and the cost will be \$14,000. The structure has a concrete foundation and will have brick walls and a tile roof. A Sunday-school room, kitchen and dining-room will be located in the basement. The plans were drawn by Frank Tyler, architect.

RUN DOWN BY AUTOMOBILE.

Young Son of San Francisco Visitor Is Badly Hurt While Crossing a Street.

Harry Carpenter, 4 years old, son of A. F. Carpenter of San Francisco, was run down and severely, though not dangerously, injured last night at Fifth and Los Angeles streets by an automobile belonging to "Hap" Hogan. The boy, with his father and mother, was crossing the street and stepped from a curb onto the road when the King Edward Hotel, where his parents are staying, was passing.

Hogan, driving the machine at the time of the accident and went to Central Police Station immediately after the crash. The chauffeur, Matthew Hammond, who was driving the car, said the boy stepped in front of it before he could stop.

Federal Steamship Inspectors.

THE SAFETY of the thousands of persons who travel on shipboard along the coast between Santa Barbara and San Diego will depend in a large measure upon the efficient work of Capt. John N. Ansell and Carl F. Lehnner, members of the Board of United States Inspectors of Steam Vessels, who arrived in the city yesterday.

The inspectors and H. Hugo Hauser, clerk of the board, all of whom are registered at the Hayward, will take the oath of office at 10 o'clock this morning in the office of the port of Los Angeles District Court, and then will officially open their headquarters in the State Bank building at the harbor.

The Los Angeles district, over which the board has jurisdiction, includes the waters between Santa Barbara and San Diego and the hinterland as far east as the Colorado River. No steam vessel, carrying passengers or freight in this district, can operate without a certificate of inspection from this board.

All vessels will be inspected annually and all passenger vessels will be reinspected quarterly. According to the division of duties, Capt. Ansell

LANGDON FLOPS; REASONS VAGUE.

Councilman Somersaults on McReynolds Ouster.

Vote Against Utilities Head Now Five to Three.

Reds Using Recall Bogie as Last-Resort Club.

That President McReynolds of the Board of Public Utilities will be removed from office, the vote of Wednesday was definitely settled yesterday when Councilman Langdon, hereafter a staunch supporter of McReynolds, popped and Councilman Wheeler, Socialist, declared he will vote to oust the Utilities Board head. These two votes, with those of Councilmen McKenzie, Whiffen and Bryant, make five votes against the three of Betkouski, Snowden and Cornwell, who will stand pat to the end.

"Until yesterday Wheeler was non-committal. Langdon's complete somersault came as a shock to his friends. He has declared on many occasions during the McReynolds imbroglio that he was the least of the board members. He made the same declaration yesterday, but added in explanation of his flip, that 'it's up to the mayor.' Langdon proclaimed his personal friendship and admiration of McReynolds, and frankly admitted that 'the whole thing is nothing but politics.'"

He denied that his sudden change of front was a result of the recall movement from the Earl-Harriman-Alender outfit. Councilman McKenzie is combating the "drys." To which the Law and Order League replies by pointing to Long Beach, and citing the growth there of the example of property under prohibition. The part of the women in the prohibition activities has been notable. Church women have canvassed every home, and have ascertained how the majority will vote. Handsomely governed women, wives of the 450 members of the Taxpayers' League, have also made calls and attempted to induce those they visited to vote "wet."

Women owners of automobiles will take men and women to the polls tomorrow. A dozen on both sides have volunteered the use of their machines, and their services as drivers. If smiles and feminine coaxings will win the vote, the women will have all their own way—that is, two ways.

Both sides have been paying for political announcements in the papers covering from one-half to two pages. The Taxpayers' League, which is headed by A. M. Montgomery, president, C. W. McLeod, secretary, C. G. Thomas, Robert White, C. D. Francis, H. A. Nebeker, C. A. Leunig, E. S. Tomblin and A. E. Jackson, yesterday printed the list of members of the organization.

Although Rev. J. D. H. Browne is president of the Law and Order League, Rev. J. Leslie Lobingier, the secretary, who is pastor of the First Presbyterian church, has been taking the most prominent part in the campaign of the "drys." In his sermon, "Dry as the Desert," delivered last night, he said, in part:

"From the beginning of this campaign we have exposed the fact that the Taxpayers' League, which is opposing the Sunday-closing ordinance, is simply the liquor interests in disguise. Wherever the liquor question is being voted upon, there springs into being a 'taxpayers' league.' The Law and Order League and its Sunday-closing ordinance are one of the same kind. It is a desire to put Santa Monica in line with other progressive cities of Southern California. Ours is one of only four of the thirty incorporated cities in the county which places no restriction upon its Sunday liquor traffic. Venice, Redondo Beach and Vernon being the other three. We want to join the ranks of such progressive cities as Los Angeles, Pasadena, Long Beach and San Diego. The liquor traffic will not affect the legitimate business of any hotel or cafe. It will affect the midnight carousing, and every moral citizen will recognize the need to that restriction."

The Taxpayers' League makes the statement that the passage of the dry ordinance would mean a loss of nearly \$24,000,000 to the city treasury, and that taxes would rise as a result.

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE. Mayor Roscoe H. Dow and T. H. Dudley, president of the Ocean Park Bank, are the candidates for Mayor at the election. Both have been recent as to the liquor question. Dudley the other municipal matters, and he will put the future of more weight. S. L. Berkley, president of the City Council, and candidate to succeed on that body, is the leader of the "drys." Following is the text of the proposed liquor ordinance:

"Every place where malt, vinous or spirituous liquors are dispensed, sold or given away, except hotels of forty or more rooms, holding licenses for serving liquors with regular meals, shall close its doors at midnight on Saturday night of each week, and they shall remain so closed until 4 o'clock of the following Monday morning; and in hotels holding bar licenses the bar shall be closed during that time, and between 6 o'clock of the following Monday, no liquors shall be sold or given away in such places, except that liquors may be served with regular meals in the dining-rooms of hotels. The prohibition of the sale of liquors shall be construed to compel the closing of restaurants and places where liquors are served with meals, in which places liquors may be served and drunk on Sunday with such bona fide meals, but only between the hours of 11:30 a.m. and 2 p.m., and between 5 p.m. and 7:30 p.m.

The provisions of the ordinance are not to apply to drug stores. The penalty for violation of the ordinance shall be not less than \$500, or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both.

THE TIMES FREE INFORMATION BUREAU

ADVERTISING COPY AND SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED.

THE TIMES FREE INFORMATION BUREAU is for the accommodation and benefit of persons seeking interesting news of travel, desirable hotels and resorts. Particulars are furnished by competent assistants and by correspondence to the general public reporting news and attractions of railroad and steamship lines, hotels and pleasure resorts. Photographs, descriptive circulars and transportation tickets are also sent upon request. The bureau is located at the Times Building, Broadway at First street, New York City. It is open from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. daily. Information also may be obtained at the New Times Building, Broadway at First street, New York City. Correspondents are invited to send their material to the bureau. Address: The Times Free Information Bureau, 1111 Broadway, New York City.

REPORTS.

RADIUM SULPHUR SPRINGS—Take Baths in Liquid Sunshine.

NATURAL MINERAL WATER OF SPRING AND LIQUID CHALK. PAINTER. Drink the most radio-active natural curative mineral water. It has been found that this water, which is pure and free from all impurities, is a most valuable remedy for all kinds of ailments. It is especially beneficial for the treatment of rheumatism, neuralgia, and other nervous disorders. The water is obtained from a deep well, and is bottled in sterilized glass bottles. It is sold at a price of 10 cents per bottle. Address: The Radium Sulphur Springs, 1111 Broadway, New York City.

THE MARYLAND THE HUNTINGTON

Come and Live in PASADENA, the City Beautiful.

St. Francis Court Buildings. The Hogan Co. Come and live in the beautiful city of Pasadena. The Hogan Co. has a large number of beautiful homes for sale. They are located in the best sections of the city, and are of the highest quality. They are sold at a price of 10 cents per square foot. Address: The Hogan Co., 1111 Broadway, New York City.

PALE RAIN HOTEL VIRGINIA

Spent a few of these delightful fall days at the beautiful hotel, and to the comfort of its excellent cuisine and thoroughness of service.

—a million diamonds!—

Daily Auto Stage to Mt. Wilson Hotel

Los Angeles Hotel and Restaurants.

New Arlington Hotel

SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA

An absolutely superb hotel—All outside rooms, affording plenty of light and fresh air. The hotel is located in the heart of the city, and is of the highest quality. It is sold at a price of 10 cents per square foot. Address: The New Arlington Hotel, 1111 Broadway, New York City.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND

Permit for 245 Passengers, makes daily trips.

West Side Apts. 1130 West Seventh

Golden Apartments

THE FORMOSA Apartments and Cottages

City Restaurants

CASA VERDUGO—Segunda—

No Creed—No Cash.

Meringue Shells

For Ice Cream and Ices

Christopher Stores

The Old Reliable Place

Where Business Men Gather

Jahnke's Cafe

Records Back Story.

CHIEF'S STATEMENT.

CONDUCT EXAMINATION.

Over Twenty-five Thousand Cases of Injury Reported in New York State in One Year.

THE (Living Church) Fire is a life by accident, for in New York State one year 15,400 accidents were reported to the Department of Labor as occurring in factories, mines and quarries. Of these 154 were fatal, 2476 resulted in permanent injuries, and 2476 were reported as serious and probably permanent. During the same period the reports to the Public Service Commission of the first half of New York City showed 10,000 accidents to the employees of street car, trolley and electric companies, while the reports to the Public Service Commission of the second half of the same period showed 15,000 accidents to the employees of street car, trolley and electric companies. The reports of the Public Service Commission of the first half of the same period showed 15,000 accidents to the employees of street car, trolley and electric companies, while the reports to the Public Service Commission of the second half of the same period showed 15,000 accidents to the employees of street car, trolley and electric companies.

REDDON BEACH, Nov. 30.—The ball boys of the hotel of Los Angeles will enjoy an excursion to this beach Thursday and Friday evenings. The excursion will leave at 7 o'clock, and will return at 11 o'clock. The excursion will be a most enjoyable one, and will be a most profitable one for the ball boys. Address: The Hotel of Los Angeles, 1111 Broadway, New York City.

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UNION-ADVISED

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Pen Points: By the Staff

The Turks ought to make excellent "Bugs."
A great many of the Mexican "troubled" never happen.

Old Dock Sun is making it hot for his enemies in China.

Gov. Colquitt of Texas has not yet taken Mexico over his knee.

It is the same old Harry Thaw. He has wired home for more money.

Hairpins are legal tender in Soudan. This is worse than sixteen to one.

No wonder some men have no time to pay their debts—the days are getting so short.

If every day was pay day father would never have any kick on his treatment at home.

"Carranza is square," says the New York World. He must be one of those cubist commanders.

To some of the street preachers in Los Angeles a change of shirt is as important as a change of heart.

There is this to be said in favor of the winter fashions for men's hats—the derby is almost extinct. Glory be!

Hats off to the wireless telegraph! It is a great advance for good and, unlike the automobile, it runs nobody down.

About the only danger to dirigibles with the balloon attachment is to the innocent bystanders when the big bag lands.

A divorce has been known to be postponed for years by mother teaching the salt and pepper shakers filled for father.

Some talk in Washington of organizing a chapter of the Daughters of Those Who Were Not Invited to the Wilson Wedding.

The persimmon crop in the South will be the largest this season in years. We extend felicitations to the possum hunters of Dixieland.

It is announced that President Wilson has begun the study of the trust problem. Here's a chance for a collision on his "single-track mind."

The resignation of President Brown of the New York Central lines will take effect, January 1. This will give some aspirant section hand a chance.

President Elliott, who has procured a loan of \$45,000,000 for the New Haven Railroad, ought to be able to get a job as finance minister in Mexico.

It is possible the Navajos are on the warpath because the white man has learned to excel them in the manufacture of "genuine Navajo blankets."

It is estimated that it would cost this country \$1,000,000 a day to make war on Mexico. Quite a heavy expense for thrashing one so beneath our size.

The fact that a Hindu has been awarded the Nobel literary prize is likely to discourage public subscriptions to rescue the perishing heathen across the seas.

Government officials will start a probe of the alleged coal trust. Why not live in Southern California, where the necessity for the use of coal is almost nothing?

With the spread of the idea of conservation there is a general falling off of operations for appendicitis. An appendix might be a handy thing to have in the family.

The "same old Bill" Sulzer will lecture in Los Angeles on "The Treason of Tammany." Get in line there; don't show; help the poor Sulzer out of the job of Governor!

Drinking sea water for ailments will never be a fad to any extent—it is too cheap. Its use will add nothing to the high cost of living and therefore is not fashionable.

It is asserted that it would require 1000 years for a shaft of light to reach the sun, but that is nothing in comparison to the time between meals in the opinion of a growing boy.

A man back in West Virginia was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary for stealing two eggs. If they were of the cold storage brand we don't know but that he deserves it.

A company has been organized with a capital stock of \$5,000,000,000 to build a fleet of dirigibles to carry passengers between Europe and the United States. But the prospectus does not say just when the first flyer is to start.

In President Wilson's message to Congress he will refer to the trust investigations and leave to Congress the study of a specific remedy. The President usually is not so chary in giving his advice. But he "passes the buck."

SEA BORN.
I know not, I care not, that leagues of bud-ding green,
Of roadside and hillside stretch barriers to trees.

The gray skirts skirt the intervals;
And lo, beside my darkened upland trail:
The minstrel sea wind, strutting bold,
Plucks at his harp, of sunset gold,
Till, sweeter, clearer, echo-plain,
The lilt of starlit waves' refrain
Beats on my sated heart again.
I know not, I care not, that leagues of bud-ding green,
Of roadside and hillside stretch barriers to trees!

[Martha Haskell Clark, in Alms' Magazine.]

The Los Angeles Times

XXIIND YEAR.

MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 1, 1913.—4 PAGES.

PART III.

Theaters—Amusements—Entertainments.
SULLIVAN & CONSIDINE VAUDEVILLE—
EMPERESS
Theaters—All Over the World
The House of Quality and Quantity

The Biggest Bill of the Year
Something New—The Biggest Music and Fun Hit of the Decade in Vaudeville.

COURT by GIRLS

An U-to-Date Comedy with Music Based on Gilbert & Sullivan's Celebrated

"Trial by Jury"

20 Minutes of Solid Laughter—10 Pretty Girls

Walter H. Lawrence plays in The Smiling Sons of Sunny Day.

"Natures Nobleman" Anthony & Ross
A one act play based on an incident in the life of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. The Premier Italian Comedians Who Will Offer You a Laugh a Minute.

Gardner & Lowrie Smith, Voelk & Cronin

W. J. DuBols New Keystone Comedies

LOS ANGELES' Newest & Most Beautiful Playhouse—
MOROSCO
Broadway Between Seventh and Eighth Streets. Phone: Main 571—Home 4364.

FAREWELL WEEK

Just 8 More Times

AND THEN GOODBY TO THE BEAUTIFUL AND FASCINATING STAR.

Kitty Gordon

AND THE POPULAR MOROSCO PLAYERS IN THE SPICY, SPEEDY MUSICAL FARCE.

"Alma Where Do You Live"

1/2 Of All the Seats For the Last 8 Performances Have Already Been Sold and the Remaining Half is Not Going to Last Very Long For Although the Demand Continues to Be of Record-Breaking Proportions It Will Be Impossible to Continue This Engagement Longer Than the Third Crowded Week. This is the Last Chance You Will Have to See Miss Gordon Or our Favorites of the Morosco Company.

Next Attraction—O. M. ANDERSON'S GAIETY THEATER MUSICAL COMEDY COMPANY DIRECT FROM THE GAIETY THEATER, SAN FRANCISCO, WITH WILLIAM ROSE, MAUD PULTON AND 11 OTHERS IN THEIR PHENOMENAL MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS, "THE CANDY SHOP." Best Reservations now.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER— Matinee Today, Thurs. & Sat.

The Most Popular Play in Town

BEING THE FIRST TWELVE PERFORMANCES THE BURBANK THEATER HAS BEEN ABSOLUTELY PACKED TO THE DOORS AT EVERY PERFORMANCE AND THE SPACIOUS PLATYFORM NEXT HALF BIG ENOUGH TO ACCOMMODATE ALL THOSE WHO WANT TO SEE THE BURBANK COMPANY'S FLAWLESS PERFORMANCE OF

MRS. WIGGS

of the

CABBAGE PATCH

THIS DELIGHTFUL COMEDY DRAMA WITH ITS QUIET, FASCINATING CHARACTERS, ITS CHARMING ATMOSPHERE, ITS DELICIOUS PHILOSOPHY AND ITS LAUGH AND ITS TEARS IS POSITIVELY THE BIGGEST HIT ON THE LOCAL STAGES. FOR EVERYBODY WHO HAS SEEN IT LOVES "MRS. WIGGS" AND EVERYBODY IS TELLING THEIR FRIENDS ELSE TO BE SURE AND SEE IT.

Get Your Seats Now, For the 2nd Crowded Week

Will Positively Be the Last.

HAMBURGER'S MAJESTIC THEATER— Broadway Between 42nd and 43rd Streets. Phone: Main 571—Home 4364.

"The Merry Countess"

With JULIA GIFFORD, CARL HAYDEN and a great Metropolitan cast. With the musical score of GIFFORD, CARL HAYDEN and lyrics by Gladys Ungar and George Anderson. ONLY 5 MORE TIMES. SEATS NOW SELLING FAST.

MASON OPERA HOUSE— Broadway, bet. 1st and 2nd.

2 Weeks Beginning Monday, December 8

"Everything New This Year"

Prices 25c 50c 75c \$1.00 No Higher

Mutt and Jeff

in Panama

50 1/2 People—Seats Thurs.

VISIT THE CAWSTON OSTRICH FARM—

SOUTH PASADENA See the gigantic ostriches swallow whole oranges. See the ostrich chicks. A most unusual sight. South Pasadena care on Main street. Tickets at 75c. Depart at our city store, 122 Broadway. Round trip including admission—40c.

BUD AND FRANK REAL HUSKIES.

Strapping Lightweights from Timber Next.

Barrieau Has Defeated Some Good Men.

Bud Looked Like a Comer Before Operation.

BY HARRY A. WILLIAMS.

By way of calling attention to those ham-fisted young men, Bud Anderson and Frank Barrieau.

Bud and Frank have started a little trouble in our midst which they claim to settle inside of a couple of weeks.

You all remember Anderson. Bud is the boy who whipped Sammy Trott and Knockout Brown and then had his appendix cut out.

Bud came here a little less than a year ago, his only credentials being a "bush league" record spattered with a plentiful sprinkling of K. O.'s. Dick

(Continued on Third Page.)

HAW! HAW! AND THE BACK BELONGED TO JOE RIVERS.

WELL, the "loveliest back" contest has closed. The little joke seems to have demonstrated the fact that the two most beautiful backs in the world belong to Joe Rivers and Kitty Gordon.

Kitty's has become illustrious throughout the world. That of Joe Rivers is, unfortunately, never likely to be. Joe's is a job wherein you are not supposed to show your back.

The contest was suggested by an overheard remark at the Cross-Rivers fight on Thanksgiving Day. As Joe came into the ring and went to his corner, turning his back to the crowd, some one by the ringside remarked with genuine appreciation, "Gee, that back is as beautiful as Kitty Gordon's." So we thought we would see if the public could tell which from 'tother.

To tell the truth, an astonishing number of readers picked out Joe Rivers. This town seems to be populated with wise guys.

The only skeptical one is Joe Rivers himself. "Say, I don't believe that is my back," said Joe when he saw his picture in low-cut evening gown. But when the top of the photograph was folded back, he had to admit himself convinced.

Although a large number of readers guessed the riddle correctly, the prizes, in accordance with the previous announcement in these columns, are awarded to the following who sent in the correct answers in the order in which their names are given.

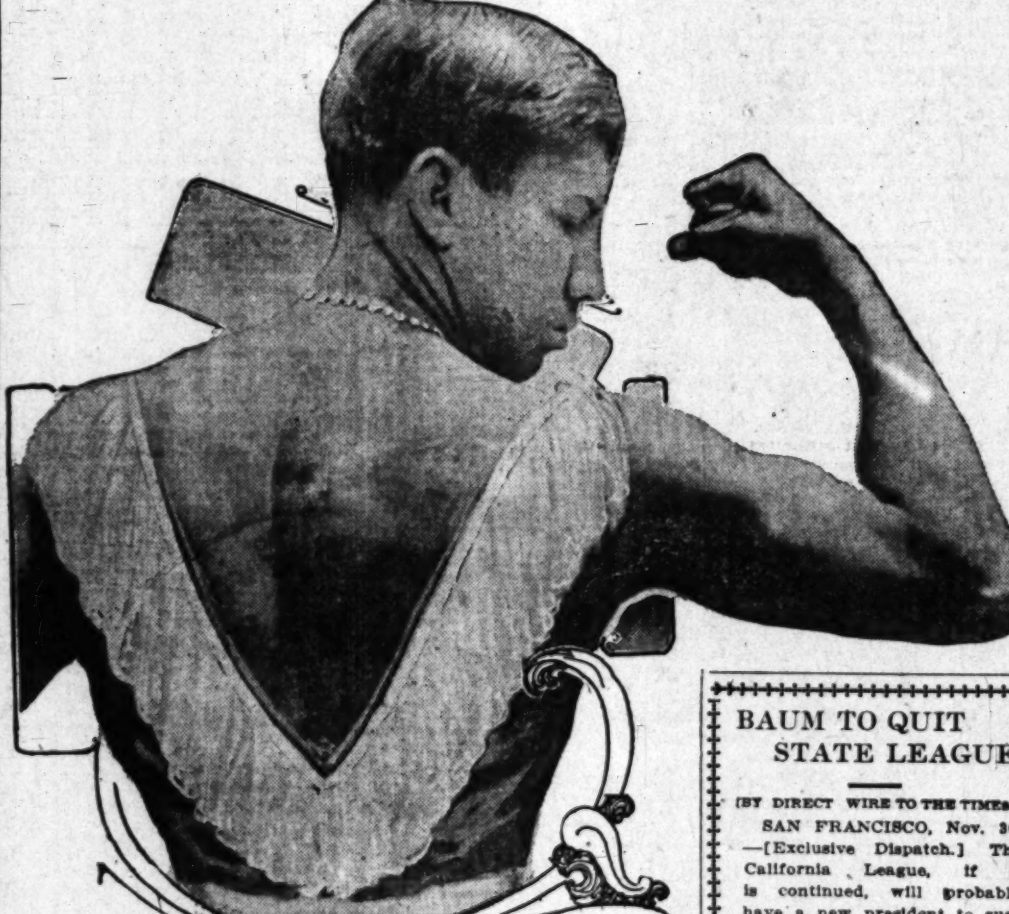
Clifford Calk, 514 West Twenty-third street.

Paul S. Gilvin, 415 Lissner building.

Mrs. Jack Hosfield, 409 Hillcrest boulevard, Monrovia.

Margaret Hall, 539 Westlake avenue.

There are two tickets for tonight's performance at the Morosco for each of the above contestants and they may have the same by calling at The Times sporting desk at 1 o'clock this afternoon.



It was Joe Rivers' Beautiful back slightly embellished with feminine trills. Kitty Gordon and Joe would seem to have divided the honors of the guessing contest.

Big Baseball Deal.

HALF OF STOCK IN RED SOX IS DISPOSED OF.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK BUREAU OF THE TIMES, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A big baseball deal, involving the sale of half the stock of the Boston American League club for more than \$200,000, was clinched late tonight when Joseph Lannin, proprietor of the Garden City Hotel, and a Long Island real estate man, obtained the shares held by President James R. McAleer, Secretary Robert McRoy and former Manager Jake Stahl.

The formal transfer of the stock will be effected on December 10 and new officers of the club will then be elected. Gen. Charles H. Taylor and his son, John I. Taylor, who own the other half of the club's stock, will remain in baseball, and it is believed John I. Taylor will be elected president. This office he held until the fall of 1911.

E. B. Johnson, president of the American League, visited Boston last week to consult with the Taylors, who were desirous to buy the McAleer-McRoy-Stahl holdings themselves. The Taylors originally owned the Red Sox outright, but in the winter of 1911-12 they sold half the stock to McAleer, McRoy and Stahl for \$170,000. McAleer was elected president and Stahl was appointed manager, a combination that worked in such harmony that the Red Sox won the American League pennant and the world's championship a year ago this fall. Incidentally the club made \$400,000 on the year.

The new partnership began to look favor in Boston before the 1912 world's series had ended. Trouble grew out of the organization of a "Royal Rooter Club," and this tangle was taken up by Mayor Fitzgerald, who sought to make political capital out of it.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Secretary McRoy of the Boston American League club returned today from a trip to Hot Springs, Ark., to close arrangements for the next spring training trip of the Red Sox, and declared it was news to him that his holdings in the club had been disposed of. He said it was the first he had heard of it, but that the deal might have been consummated without his knowledge. Garland Stahl, former manager of the Red Sox, declined to discuss the matter in advance of definite information. President McAleer is on the Pacific Coast.

RIVERS' HAND HURT.

Joe Rivers has his right hand in a plaster cast. It was placed in that casting Saturday afternoon by Dr. Fred Bowen. Joe expects his hand will be well inside of the next couple of days.

BAUM TO QUIT STATE LEAGUE.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The California League, if it is continued, will probably have a new president to succeed Allan T. Baum, while there will be a number of changes in management.

Last season Baum served as president of both the Coast and California leagues. The California League, it is felt, should have the undivided attention of one man.

There will also be new managers in Stockton and San Jose to succeed Jack Thomas and Walter Nagle.

GOLF GOSSIP.

BY BONNIE GLESSNER.

One of the most unusual golf shots ever played at the Midwick C. C. links, was made during the week-end playing of the progressive tournament. The thirteenth hole, a 185-yard play, being made by E. B. Washburn in one stroke. Making the unusually long hole in a mashie shot called forth the highest praise from the spectators.

The scores turned in were: G. V. Elliot, 84; E. S. Armstrong, 84; E. C. Jones, 85; L. D. Sala, 85; Alexander MacKellan, 86; W. J. Wallace, 86; E. B. Washburn, 87; Charles S. Eaton, 88; Ralph Harris, 88; F. E. Wilcox, 97, and George A. Weber, 98.

The December tournament of the Annandale C. C. begins today.

The third round of the San Gabriel Valley C. C. match play tournament, the qualifying round of which was played off Thanksgiving Day, resulted in the following players winning their matches: George T. Cline, 3 and 2; L. C. Seales, 5 and 4; C. W. Hackler, 3 up; R. D. Carter, 1 up; R. L. Tatum, 3 and 2; Frank Dillon, 7 and 5; G. E. Harpham, 5 and 3; Frank Marmion, 3 and 2; H. N. H. Woodcock, 4 and 3; F. M. Berry, 5 and 3; F. R. Griffin, 4 and 2; R. B. Douglas, 3 and 1; M. C. Adler, 2 and 1; F. S. Wade, 3 and 1; C. J. Wade, R. C. Devereux, J.



Kitty Gordon's back. The loveliest back in the world, but so much like Joe Rivers' that hundreds of contestants couldn't tell them apart.

WHAT THE RIVALS SAY.

KITTY HASN'T EVER SEEN IT. JOE SAYS HE ISN'T IN IT.

BUT THINKS JOE'S BACK VERY BEAUTIFUL. HIS BACK DOESN'T COMPARE WITH KITTY'S.

Cannot Understand All This Excitement Over Her Back, as Everybody Has One—No Sign of a "Cross" to Be Perceived on Joe's Back, She Says.

Goes to the Morosco to See the Wonderful Back and Says that \$25,000 Is Not Too High a Value to Place on It—Feels Flattered Over the Comparison.

BY KITTY GORDON.

"What do I think of Mr. Joseph Rivers' back?"

"Well, never having seen Mr. Rivers' nor his beautiful back—I should hardly like to talk behind his back, but I must say that after having read the reports of his matinee performance Thanksgiving afternoon, I should venture the remark that there is something behind Mr. Rivers' back besides good looks."

"I notice by the columns of The Times that the greater majority of those who have guessed the owner of the back represented in the pictures have said 'Kitty Gordon.'"

"But why—oh why—for dear me, I'm not the only one who has a back, and I must say that I have never taken my back very seriously."

"Not being a judge of backs and never having seen Mr. Rivers' particular back, all that I can say is from what I have seen in the paper, which makes it appear that his back is young and healthy, muscular and strong, without a mark or blemish or, in fact, any sign of a 'Cross.' Properly decorated, it surely looks very becoming. A careful analysis of the surface might show some slight sign of the effect of the weather, but if Mr. Rivers should desire, I believe I could write him a short article on 'The Care of the Back' which would serve as well in the future as \$25,000 worth of Lloyd's insurance."

BY JOE RIVERS.

After seeing Kitty Gordon's back at the Morosco last night, I certainly withdraw from any competition as to whose back is the loveliest.

I heard that a great many people had mistaken the photograph of my back for that of Miss Gordon's and I went to the Morosco last night in order to see for myself. I must confess that I do not understand how anybody who had seen Miss Gordon could have mistaken my back for hers, for hers is dimpled and beautiful, while mine is too muscular for beauty.

Besides, Miss Gordon's back is popularly supposed to be worth \$25,000, and I could scarcely hope to be appraised at so high a value. The only way in which I can claim any advantage over Miss Gordon is that people only have to pay \$1 to sit in the front row and see her back, while it costs \$10 to sit in the front row when mine is on exhibition.

I understand that somebody offered Charley Ruggles \$200 for his job for one night. The man who offered that paltry sum is a parrot, if I am any judge of backs. One thing is sure and that is that if ever any man had the right to get stuck on himself, I am the man, as it certainly is something to be proud of to be mistaken for so attractive a person as Miss Gordon. I don't think that many people really thought that the photograph was of Miss Gordon's back, but were misled by the fact that Mr. Morosco was offering the tickets.

COOMBS RELEASED FROM HOSPITAL.

[BY A. P. WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—"Jack" Coombs, the Philadelphia (American League) club's pitcher, who has been a patient in a hospital here since before the world's series last October, left the institution today. He will remain in this city for about three weeks before undertaking his journey to his home in Maine. Coombs contracted typhoid of the spine during last spring's training season. After convalescing at his home he attempted to get in the game again towards the end of the season, but suffered a relapse. Coombs expects to be in shape to join the Athletics next year.

PRITCHARD WILL CAPTAIN ARMY.

[BY A. P. WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WEST POINT (N. Y.) Nov. 29.—The army football squad elected Vernon E. Pritchard of the second class as captain of the 1914 eleven. Pritchard has played quarterback on the team for two seasons and got in every game, except one on the army's schedule this season. His brilliant forward passing, spectacular open-field running and excellent generalship, has made him one of the season's leading quarter-backs. He is 22 years old, was admitted to West Point from the Eleventh Congress District of Iowa in June, 1911, and will be graduated in 1915.



Fanny Anita,
As Anilda in "Zaza" at the Auditorium.

FOR WOMEN AND MEN. Facts, Features and Fancies.

BY OLIVE GRAY.

DAILY BEAUTY HINT: A cream which will prevent the finger nails from breaking and becoming rough is a welcome toilet accessory during the changeable weather of the present season.

How to remember all one's friends at Christmas and yet not over-burden oneself on one's purse—this is the question.

There are a number of ways of solving this. First of all is "shop early" and avoid the rush. In spite of this admonition you would be surprised to know, if you have not tried it, how much easier it is to get around and through the stores and shops early in the morning than a little later in the day. When I have anything important to purchase, I make it a point to be on hand as soon as the stores open and I find myself almost "monarch of all I survey." In half an hour afterward the crowd begins to arrive and it becomes difficult to make one's way about.

One of the best helps that I have discovered is that of the gift boxes consisting of California products. Just make out your list of Eastern friends to be remembered and either take it in "the man" or mail it in and the entire matter is off your mind. Not only that, but your Eastern friends are remembered in the best possible way. By the way, one of the articles used in those boxes is a most interesting product—one with a romantic history. It is called "granada fig." It seems that the recipe for making this delicious article, which is more nearly a fruit cake than is the usual fruit cake, was given by a Spanish refugee in 1492 in Spain to his sweetheart as a parting token. The girl afterward married the product and by its sale raised her family from poverty to affluence. It is from this recipe, handed down that the present "granada fig" is said to be compounded. Since it contains California figs, nuts, raisins and other delicacies raised in our own Southland, it is an article of which we all may feel proud, and one especially appropriate to send to those back East.

An Reedy.

A fine gift for one who takes pride in her home is a set of that charming reed furniture which is made in Los Angeles and which is celebrated throughout the United States. I saw a set consisting of a circular dining or breakfast table, with glass top placed above a glory of French cretonne, tall, slender-backed chairs, a sideboard with glass and cretonne top, a jardiniere and a tall lamp to be placed on each side of the doorway. I could imagine nothing more charming for the breakfast-room, or for the family dining-room, than such a set; no could more welcome gift be devised. One might carry out the cretonne in the hangings at doorways and windows, and also in the cushions of one or two easy chairs and a lounge, if one wished a more luxurious room than the usual breakfast-room.

A Fetching Touch.

A fetching touch upon some of the new blouses is the tiny ribbon of black edged with white which either forms a bow beneath the chin or is carried around the neck projecting in a forked knot in front. These have somewhat the effect, as though one had formed them from one's monocle ribbon.

Sweet Smells.

Delightfully fragrant are the sachets of yellow silk filled with orange blossoms, or a sachet so nearly stimulating them that one would declare at once that the citrus orchard had contributed it. I found these in one of the big Oriental stores.

are not always merely funny, but in many instances really pretty. They are excellent souvenirs of California, too.

For Christmas Salad.

Tomatoes cut in sixths and placed around a center of chopped lettuce leaves, with the lettuce leaves cut in long strips to form the leaves, make a picturesque poinsettia salad for the Christmas dinner service. A touch of yellow masonite above the lettuce leaves gives a realistic appearance to the stems of the flower.

Simple Gifts.

Simple gifts and yet most acceptable are the holders for use when handling the chafin dish or any of the many electric cookery dishes which are now so popular. These holders may be made from odd bits of cloth or silk, and an edge may be crocheted, or bright-colored dress braids may be run together, kindergarten-wise and a binding made from one of the braids.

Another excellent gift of little cost is the small guest towel of Turkish toweling with a crocheted edge.

Turkish toweling is also used to form the bath slippers, which are attached to the slippers by soles. A bow knot is stamped upon some of these slipper tops and the work is easily brought in French knot or buttonholing.

Combined Orchestras. NINI BELLUCCI'S GREAT CONCERT.

WESTERN METROPOLITAN AND
PEOPLE'S ORCHESTRAS.

Maria Mosciaka, Soprano, and
Fanny Anita, Contralto, Soloists.
Generously Applauded for Excellent Programme—"Zaza" Opens
Tonight Second Series.

BY HECTOR ALLIOT.

A popular concert, combining the People's Orchestra, and the Western Metropolitan Opera orchestra, under the leadership of Nini Bellucci, proved to be an unusual musical event, yesterday afternoon at the Auditorium.

There is no record that over 100 trained musicians ever before gave a Sunday afternoon concert, in this city.

With two hours' rehearsal yesterday morning Bellucci was able to present, not only adequately, but in a superior manner, "Tannhauser Overture" with an inspiring shading and power of interpretation, altogether admirable. Especially under the conditions under which it was given, "Danse of the Hours" from Ponchelli's opera, "La Gioconda," Wagner's "Isolde's Lied," and Rossini's "William Tell Overture" composed the orchestral offering.

Bellucci was the recipient of extraordinary plaudits throughout. He was recalled thrice after the first and third orchestral numbers, a well-deserved appreciation for a daring undertaking successfully carried out.

This concert confirms our first opinion of Nini Bellucci as an eminent orchestral leader, possessed of the technical knowledge, mastery over instruments, admirable in an orchestral programme, and a host of other qualities and audiences in the interpretation of grand opera, for the singers are at all times secondary to orchestral effects, under his baton. No man can claim omniscience. The impromptu programme was the best heard here since last year's famous and long-remembered Campanini concert. It is hoped that a similar offering may be given next Sunday.

Anita, the Mexican contralto, sang in a most satisfying manner, "Aprile Forlino" from Saint Saens' "Samson et Dalila" and Gounod's "Ave Maria," as encore, "Voice of Tosti" and "Prayer" from the same composer, were given.

Maria Mosciaka, the sympathetic Russian prima donna interpreted with exquisite finish "Triste Aprile" of De Leva and the great aria from Lohengrin, "Solo nel Miel Printz Amiri" in answer to many recalls, she sang two very unique Polish folk songs, an under-standable and humorous, an under-standable in northern songs of the people.

Owing to pressure of time, Bellucci not only directed the orchestra, but accompanied the singers on the piano, which is to be regretted, as it is rare to find an orchestral leader who is an acceptable piano forte accompanist.

This well-known fact was especially evidenced in the lovely Gounod's adaptation of Beethoven's immortal composition to his "Ave Maria," in the unexcelled quality of its accompaniment and just so. It might be advisable to have her consort, to give such worthy soloists as Anita and Mosciaka adequate accompaniment either orchestral or with specialists at the piano.

Last week closed the first part of the western Metropolitan season of grand opera, which has never before been heard in this city.

The meritorious character of interpretation by a company of higher merit than we ever had here, when balance and uniformity of voices are considered.

On Saturday, "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Aida" were given in matinee and "Aida" in the evening, before larger audiences than ever before.

Lucia Botta, the admirable lyric tenor; Pietro Schiavazzi, dramatic tenor; Montesanto, one of the best baritone ever heard here; Lucia Cecchetti, the great prima donna; Anita, the great contralto; Luisa Cecchetti, Luisa Silva, and the perennial Modesti, appeared in these two operas.

If last week went out in triumph, today turns a new operatic page. Tonight, "Zaza," the most important of Cavalleria's compositions, will be given for the first time with a cast, which, judged from recent acquaintance, is of unquestionable superior merit.

In this opera, the most pretentious work of the author-composer, there are four acts. Carmen Nells will appear as Zaza, the girl who has made a well-deserved European reputation; Anita, her mother, will be Anita, appearing in a startling realistic part. Cecchetti will play Filippina, a concert singer; Agnes Slevens, Mme. Dufresne, Botta, Montesanto, Brill, Carpio, Rovers, Hughes, Navarro, will be the principals.

"La Tosca," "La Boheme," "Cavalleria Rusticana," "I Zingari" and

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Separate Locked Concrete Rooms

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and Up**
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The Joy Of Coming Motherhood

A Wonderful Remedy That is a Natural
Aid and Relieves the Tension.

Mother's Friend is the only remedy known that is able to reach all the different parts involved. It is a penetrating external application after the formula of a noted family doctor, and lubricates every muscle, nerve, tissue or tendon involved.

By its daily use there will be no pain, no distress, no nausea, no danger of infection or other accident, and the period will be one of supreme comfort and joyful anticipation.

Mother's Friend is one of the greatest of all helpful influences, for it aids child-birth of all its agonies and dangers, dispels all the doubt and dread, all sense of fear, and thus enables the mind and body to await the greatest event in a woman's life with untrammelled gladness.

You will find it on sale at all drug stores at \$1.00 a bottle, or the druggist will gladly get it for you. Mother's Friend is prepared only by the Bradford Regulator Co., 257 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., who will mail an instructive book to expectant mothers. Write for it to-day.

The little-known "Otelio," with all-star casts, will be the exceptional offering of the week.

NEW CITRUS INDUSTRY.

Pomona Men Form Company to
Utilize Oranges Which Do Not Meet
Shipping Requirements.

POMONA, Nov. 28.—Several local business men have interested themselves in the incorporation of the Pomona Citrus Fruit Juice Company, which will establish a factory and plant here, offering a market for what are known as cull or waste oranges and lemons, of which there are many hundreds of boxes during the citrus fruit season. Machinery is being ordered and the factory will be ready for business in February. It is planned to first process pure lemon juice in such a way that it will keep indefinitely. D. Burr of Los Angeles is the discoverer of the process, which he worked out in his laboratory after years of experimenting.

A contract has been made with an eastern concern to dispose of a thousand gallons of juice a week for five years. It is estimated that a box of oranges will produce a quart of pure juice in the concentrated form, and a ton of lemons will produce fifteen gallons of the juice, which, when processed, will keep without sealing in any climate, not being affected by either heat or cold. It is stated that a minimum of \$15 will be paid for lemon culls.

This promises to become a large manufacturing industry here for from twenty to thirty persons will be employed from the start and this number will be increased as the business grows. As soon as the factory is running regularly in processing lemon juice, oranges will be handled, the company even proposing to use the orange peel in the manufacture of oils. The directors of the corporation are F. L. Rayburn, F. W. Lewis, F. McKowan of this city and D. Burr, A. C. Rosco, and A. B. Evans of Los Angeles.

NEWS BRIEFS.

Mrs. Emily Bissell, who has passed some years as a successful missionary in India and who is about to return to the country, leaving San Francisco, is at present a guest of her brother, Prof. Arthur Dart Bissell, head of the department of German at Pomona College.

F. H. Johnson, who was several years a resident of China, but who has been assistant superintendent of the Oxnard beet sugar factory, has been appointed superintendent of the China sugar factory to succeed J. W. Bandy. Johnson will assume his new position in a few days.

**Chain of Three
Brights Disease**

Mrs. J. X. Harris, a well-to-do lady of Henderson, N. C., after being treated unsuccessfully for Bright's Disease was taken to a sanatorium in the city of New York, where she died at home.

The treatment was changed. She was taken to the Sanatorium and to the management of all concerned gradually recovered.

B. R. Kimball of Enfield, N. C., "was very low with Bright's disease." They heard of the case and he was changed to Putnam's Renal Compound. In due course it put Kimball on his feet again.

He now writes that a Mrs. Mayo of Edgecomb county, adjoining North Carolina, wanted to take the Renal Compound, but her physician opposed it. She grew worse. When taken to bed she insisted and sent for Dr. Kimball, who examined her a few days ago and told her that she was improving fast and that her kidneys were better than he ever expected them to be.

Kimball closes, "Doctors here have recommended Putnam's Renal Compound for Bright's but are not willing for their names to be used."

In view of the futility of the usual treatment in chronic Bright's disease, the daily use of these is authority to investigate he results reported under this treatment.—Advertisement.



Enjoy the Healthy Appetite of Youth!

AN appetite of the good healthy sort you used to have when a youngster—a strong, active stomach that will digest all you eat and turn your food into energy and blood and bone and brain power—these are the all-important benefits usually obtained by the use of Maier's Tonic at mealtime and bedtime.

A few weeks' use of this general up-builder will do more for your stomach and your whole physical condition than all the faddist ideas of fasting and "fodder-eating" ever conceived.

It isn't a medicine—all it does is to strengthen and nourish—Nature does the rest. Get a case now and see what it will do for you. Sold by all good druggists.

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Review of the Season's Books NEXT SUNDAY

"The Best" Spotted for Every Book Buyer!

DO you know which are the best books, and which are the other kind, that are attracting attention? The big Annual Book Number of The Times will appear next Sunday and give many pages of valuable information on that interesting subject.

A special article on August Strindberg will tell about the eccentricities of that remarkable man who wrote 115 novels and dramas which are now discussed by all the literary people of Europe and America.

Special reviews will be given to Rabindranath Tagore, the Hindu poet who was awarded the Nobel Prize; John Helston, the engineer's fitter who is now hailed as the successor of Keats; and Alfred Noyes whose complete works have just been published.

The Latest and most popular fiction, biography, travel and drama will be reviewed Sunday. Hundreds of Books Rated and Described.

TUESDAY MORNING

The Expectations

RECEIPT FALL

But Expenses
Piling Up

Wilson's New Year
Tested for Full
in November

Democrats Now
Problem Like
Cleveland's

Customs Return
Nearly Five
Billion A Year

THE A. P. M. H. W. H. T.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—

November fell 25 per cent compared to November according to the monthly report issued today. The first full month of the new tariff and if a fair test of the tariff's effect on the country's purchasing power the annual source will result in a loss of \$10,000,000.

The ordinary disbursements exceeded the receipts by \$2,712,722, or 25 per cent of the receipts for the last year of \$10,824,529.

For the fiscal year to be completed, the disbursements have exceeded the receipts by \$2,746,100, or 25 per cent of the receipts for the last year of \$10,824,529. The net result of the tariff is a loss of \$10,000,000.

(Continued on Page 11)

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